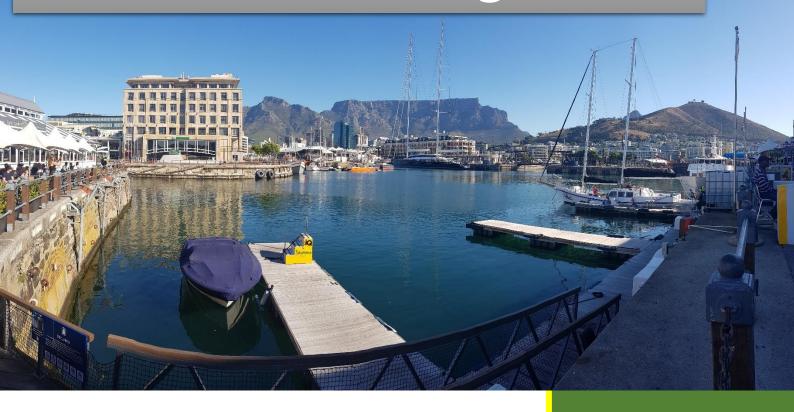
2021

Teacher's Book - Beginners



Gustavo Rubino Ernesto

About this book

This book was written with the intent of helping ESL teachers around the globe. It is simple and straight to the point. Tremendous effort on the research part was made to make sure that every step taken by the student was not done in vain.

This book is to be consider a suggestion on how to teach using the Ernesto's Method. As a teacher you should keep in mind that every student is different and that they may appreciate more or less different aspects of the method. It is your job to figure it out how to make the method work for your student.

The book is divided in lessons that may take 45 to 50 minutes. Each class is divided in 4 section. **Blue, Yellow, Gray** and **Green** (Text).

The **Blue** section is based on remembering the past classes new words.

The **Yellow** section is for new words and their L1 translation.

The Gray section is for writing and comparing L1 translation according to the construction.

The **Green** section is dedicated for reading out loud and memorizing the words with the help of figures and context.

About the author

In order to write this book, I made sure that I had researched every single aspect of the methods and approaches that are currently being used in today's classrooms. This book is intrinsically linked to my website gustavorubinoernesto.com where more features, ideas, methods, approaches, books can be found in order for you to get to know what I did, do and will be focusing myself on the future. I really hope you like this book and that it can be very useful to you.

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Things you need to know before you start teaching this course

➢ What is COCA?

COCA is The Corpus of Contemporary American English (COCA) is the only large, genre-balanced corpus of American English. COCA is probably the most widely-used corpus of English, and it is related to many other corpora of English that we have created. These corpora were formerly known as the "BYU Corpora", and they offer unparalleled insight into variation in English.

The corpus contains more than **one billion** words of text (25+ million words each year 1990-2019) from eight genres: spoken, fiction, popular magazines, newspapers, academic texts, and (with the update in March 2020): TV and Movies subtitles, blogs, and other web pages.

https://www.english-corpora.org/coca/

> How a synapse works and how it gets stronger with frequency

When the student learns a new word, a very light and thin connection between two neurons occur, this is called a synapse. As the same information or word is repeated the synapse get stronger and thicker, making it easy to access when necessary. Repeating doesn't mean memorizing but giving the brain time to settle and then after a day or two presenting the student with the word again. To help this procedure, speaking, writing, reading the word is fundamental. Also seeing the word in different constructions and within a context of a comic book (images help) or a book helps

➢ What is chunk?

Chunks are groups of words that can be found together in language. They can be words that always go together, such as fixed collocations, or that commonly do, such as certain grammatical structures that follow rules. Areas of work such as idioms, collocations and verb patterns all focus on types of chunks.

https://www.google.com/url?sa=t&source=web&rct=j&url=https://www.cambridge.org/el t/blog/wp-content/uploads/2019/10/Learning-Language-in-Chunks.pdf&ved=2ahUKEwjp8-7DiuXxAhVugPoHHevpCEkQFjAQegQIIhAC&usg=AOvVawokZ2NotAPWN11pmZpT58CD

- \checkmark Explain what COCA is and why it is used and why the # next to the verbs.
- ✓ Explain the material and how it will work
- ✓ Focus the student attention to the different background colors. Each color is assigned to a different type of exercise.
- ✓ Explain what verbs, nouns, and adjectives in the student's L1 are.
- ✓ Present the most frequent verbs, nouns and adjectives in the English language and translate it to the student's L1.
- ✓ Ask the student to repeat out loud the words
- ✓ Do the 24 verb sentences exercises with the student, translating, when possible, word by word and when it is not possible to do so, introduce the concept of chunk, and translate it correspondingly.
- ✓ Focus on the verb and the student's understanding of each verb in each different sentence. Tell the student that the verb can have different meanings when in a different sentence
- ✓ When presenting the word don't, translate it as a no. Do NOT talk about do being an auxiliary verb.

Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 3. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example

	Lecture 2
1	Pronounce the words, read out the sentences below in English and translate them:
۱	be, have, do, time, people, year, way, thing, other, good, and new.
	I am a good person.
	There is only one way.
	This is my year.
t	The other man was old.
	She was doing good things.
,	They were friends with Harry Potter.
	We have new powers.
č	
/	He had to help the people.
f	Do you like chocolates?
•	I did not see you.
t	I am doing new things.
ć	What is a personal pronoun? A personal pronoun is a short word used to substitute a proper name. <i>He likes big</i>
	houses.

Student's book - Student's age: 8+

- Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	ative language:
	a) say / said:/
	b) go / went:/
	c) get / got:/
2) F	ronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to your
п	ative language:
	a) man:
	b) day:
	c) life:
	d) woman:
	e) world:
3) F	ronounce the adjectives below in English and translate them to
y	our native language:
	s) great:
	b) big:
	c) high:

- 5. Pronounce the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 6. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 7. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

 Pronounce the personal pronouns and the objective personal pronouns below in English and translate them to your native

anguage.	
a) I / me:	
b) you / you:	
c) he / him:	
d) she / her:	
e)it/it:	
f) we / us:	111
g) they / them:	<u></u>
	~ N T

Exercise Two

Name:

Gray Page

- 1. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 2. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		ESL TEACHING
These are the fifth, sixth, seventh and eigh Language according to the Corpus of Conte		
say #26 (says, say, said) go #31 (go, w	ent, going), get #34 (got, gettin	ng, got)
1) Mom always	it is great to go o	out.
Mom always says		
2) They	that life is good.	
They say)	
3) A woman	_ nice things to me the oth	ner day.
A woman said -		
4) Every man needs to	out and see th	e world.
Every man needs to go out		
5) I	to visit a big building.	
I went		_
6) Are we	to the cinema?	
Are we going		

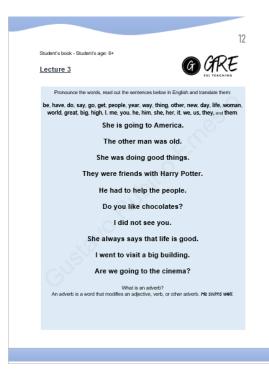
@ ARF

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 3. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 4. Ask the student what is going on
- Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- Explain adverb by stating a simple sentence with the idea that it gives a characteristic to the verb. Use the example



- 1. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 2. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 3. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 5. Pronounce the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat words
- Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	13
1) Pronounce the verbs below in English and translate them to native language: a) can / could: / b) know / knew: / o) will:	
2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them native language: a) child: b) school: c) state: d) family:	to your
e) president: 3) Pronounce the adjectives below in English and translate th your native language: a) old: b) but	iem to
b) bad: c) different 4) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate ther native language: a) so:	n to your
b) just	

- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

- 1. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

xercise Three	
These are the 37 th , the 39 th , and the English language according to the English language according the Contemporary American I	ording to the Corpus of
can #37 (can't, Can, can),	know#39 (knew, knows, know), will #47 (will)
1) I	see anything.
I can't	
2)	you help the family?
Can you help	
3) We	have a different president.
We can	201
4) 1	an old and bad man.
I knew -	
5) He	nothing.
He knows	

	15
7)	Igo home.
l will go	
8) How	you go to the mountains?
How will you	
9) She	get up and go out.
She will get up -	

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 3. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 4. Ask the student what is going on
- Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example

	18
Student's book - Student's age: 8+	- 10-
Lecture 4	G GKE
Pronounce the words, read out the s	entences below in English and translate them:
	now, will, way, thing, other, life, world child, school, state, old, so, and just.
Hov	vare you?
There is	only one way.
She was do	bing good things.
They were frier	ds with Harry Potter.
He had to	help the people.
I can't	see anything.
Are we goin	ng to the cinema?
How will you g	o to the mountains?
l wil	go home.
	t is an article?

- 1. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 2. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 3. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 5. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them

1) Pronounce the verb	s below in English a	and translate th	iem to your
native language:			
a) would:		-	
b) make / mad	e:	/	
c) think / thou	ght:	_/	<u> </u>
2) Pronounce the nour	s below in English	and translate t	hem to you
native language:	is below in English		lien to you
		~ ~	
d) place:			
e) problem:	100		
-,			
3) Pronounce the adje	ctives below in Eng	lish and transl:	ate them to
your native language	-		
	5		
<u> </u>			
4) Pronounce the artic	les below in English	and translate	them to you
native language:			
a) a:			

- 6. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

- Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

Exercise Four		2
		AR
These are the 49 th , the 50 th and the 50 in the English language accordin Contemporary American Engl	ng to the Corpus of	
would #49 (would, would, would), make &	/50 (made, making, made), think #5 thinking)	3 (thinks, though
1) I like	to have a house full of young	students.
I would like to have		
2) I	like to think about this proble	em.
I would like to think		
	have made it diffe	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
The American student would have	-	
4) He	a toy.	
He made		
5) I am sure he is	a great busi	ness.
I am sure he is making		
6) This was	in Japan.	
This was made		

	2
7) She	that little part of the school is ugly.
She thinks	
8) She	about that great place.
She thought	<u>v</u> 0
9) The woman is	about how to get out of this place.
The woman is thinking about -	
The woman is unixing about	

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 3. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 4. Ask the student what is going on
- Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 3. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 1. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 3. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

1) Pronounce the verbs b	elow in English ar	nd translate	them to your
native language:			
a) see / saw:	,		6
b) come / came:			
c) take / took:			<u> </u>
.,		$\langle \rangle \rangle$	
2) Pronounce the nouns t	elow in English a	nd translate	them to your
native language:			
a) country:	195		
b) week:			
c) point:			
d) hand:	<u> </u>		
e) group:			
Pronounce the adjective	es below in Engli	ish and trans	slate them to
your native language:			
<u></u>			
b) right: c) large:			

- 5. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
	20
A Deserves the environtions below in Desire and to add the	<u> </u>
 Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate the 	em to
your native language:	
s) and:	
b) that: c) but:	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to	vour
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	

- Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		ZI
Exercise Five These are the 68°, the 61 st and the 63° m in the English language according to Contemporary American English, a	the Corpus of	G GRE
860 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came,	come, coming), take #	63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house	this week.
He will see		
2) Roberto and Stephen		he president.
They saw	<u></u>	
3) The small, old man	a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country I	ast week.
We came		
5) I will	_ back to my house	e next week.
I will come back		

		,
		2
6) Are vou	home this month or the next month	?
-,,		
Are you coming		
7) He just	her big, old car.	
He just took	<u></u>	
8) Iam	his hand out of the cold water.	
I am taking		
9) If we want to survive, the	e right people need to	thi
	seriously.	
If we want to a	urvive, the right people need to take –	
ii we want to so	urvive, the right people need to take -	
	2	
S		

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 3. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 4. Ask the student what is going on
- 5. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 1. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 3. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	31
1) Pronounce the verbs below in English and transitive language: a) want / wanted: / b) could: c) look / looked: /	
2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and transitive language: a) guy: b) case: o) question: d) work: e) night:	<u>z</u> roj
 3) Pronounce the adjectives below in English an your native language: a) real: b) best c) long: 4) Pronounce the prepositions below in English your native language: a) on: b) at: c) from: d) by: e) about: 	

- 5. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 6. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

- 1. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	31
kerolice Stx hese are the 68 th , the 75 th , and the l in the English language accordi Contemporary American Eng	ing to the Corpus of
	uld #75 (could, could, could), lock #81 (lock, locks, locking)
1) If you	to be at work, it is no problem.
If you want	
2) This guy	to ask a question.
This guy wanted	<u></u>
3) She	a different work.
She wants -	
4) This case	be a long, hard one.
This case could be	
5) If I	do that I would.
If I could do -	

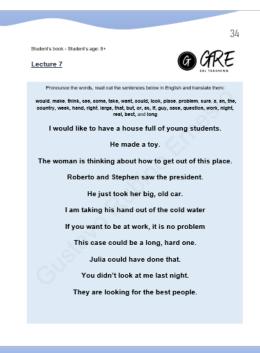
	32
6) Julia have done that.	
Julia could have	_
7) You didn't at me last night.	
You didn't look	_
8) The robot like a real man.	
The robot looks	
9) They are for the best people.	
They are looking	

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 3. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 4. Ask the student what is going on
- Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 3. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 1. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 2. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 3. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

		35
1) Pronounce the verbs	below in English and translate	them to your
native language:		
a) use / used:	(
b) tell / told:		_
c) find / found: _	//	- <u>x</u> O
2) Pronounce the nouns	below in English and translate	them to your
native language:		
a) game:		
b) number:	<u> </u>	
c) money:	<u> </u>	
d) lot:		
e) book:		
	tives below in English and trans	slate them to
your native language:		
b) important:		
c) only:		
Pronounce the advert	bs below in English and transla	te them to your
native language:		
a) on:		
b) too:		

- 5. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 6. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

- 1. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 2. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

rbs Seven	
IDS SEVEN	ADT.
These are the 91 st , the 92 rd , and ords in the English language ad Contemporary American E	coording to the Corpus of
use #91 (use, used, uses), tel	1#92 (told, told, tells), find #97 (find, find, found, find)
1) People	money to buy houses.
People use	
2) They only	the large, important books to find the question.
They only used	
3) The game still	a lot of numbers.
	a lot of numbers.
The game still uses	
The game still uses	
The game still uses 4) I only	
The game still uses 4) I only	important things to the American guy.
The game still uses 4) I only I only told	important things to the American guy.

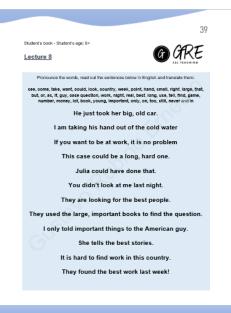
6) She	the best stories.
She tells	
7) It is hard to	work in this country.
It is hard to find	
8) I will	a lot of games in my dad's room.
I will find	
9) They	the best work last week!
They found -	
10) How did you	it?
How did you find it?	

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 3. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 4. Ask the student what is going on
- Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 1. Tell the student in English to read the words in to translate to their L1
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- Explain LOOKING FOR as a two words combination, a that changes the meaning of looking.



- 1. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 2. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 3. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

1) Pronounce the verbs belo	w in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) give / gave:	,
b) need / needed:	<u> </u>
c) should:	
2) Pronounce the nouns bek	ow in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) system:	<u></u>
b) government:	
c) city:	
d) company:	
e) story:	
3) Pronounce the adjectives	below in English and translate them to
your native language:	
a) national:	
b) black:	
c) social:	
4) Pronounce the adverbs b	elow in English and translate them to you
 Pronounce the adverbs b native language: 	elow in English and translate them to you
·	
a) when:	
a) when: b) as:	
a) when: b) as: c) where:	

- 5. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 6. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

- 1. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 2. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

Verbs Eight	A CAR
These are the 96 th , the 107 th , and the 110 th m words in the English language according to 5 Contemporary American English, aka 6	he Corpus of
give #98 (giving, give, give), need #107 (nee	d, needed, needs), should # 110 (should
	money to cities and
The government is giving	
2) Most national banks	money to young people
Most national banks give	<u></u>
3) When will you	him the book?
When will you give -	
4) Where do you	to go?
Where do you need	
5) All my social medias	to be deleted
Synamic social medias	io se deleted.
Ali my social medias needed	
6) She	her rest.
She needs -	

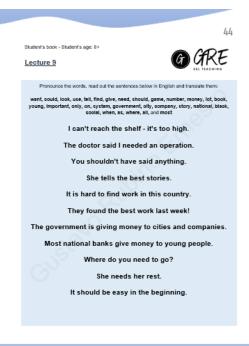
	42
	paint his uniform all black.
8) It	be easy in the beginning.
9) You	tell the story.
You should tell	

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 3. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 4. Ask the student what is going on
- Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 1. Tell the student in English to read the words in to translate to their L1
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 4. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so Luse HE"



say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example

- 1. the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 2. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 3. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	4
1) Pronounce the verbs below in English	and translate them to your
native language:	
a) work / worked:	/
b) try / tried:/	
c) let :	
2) Pronounce the nouns below in English	h and translate them to your
native language:	
a) job:	
b) friend:	
c) word:	<u> </u>
d) fact:	<u> </u>
e) right:	
3) Pronounce the adjectives below in En	olish and translate them to
your native language:	Ĩ
a) able:	
b) political:	
c) public:	
 Pronounce the conjunctions below in 	English and translate them to
your native language:	
a) or:	
b) as: c) if:	
c) II:	

- 5. Pronounce the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 6. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

- 1. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 2. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

These are the 115 ⁸ , the 121 ⁴ , and common words in the English langua Corpus of Contemporary American E	ge according to the
work #115 (working, worked, work), \$	ry #121 (try, tried, trying), let #122 (let, letting, k
1) We are	against the banking system.
We are working	
2) His friend	for a book company.
His friend worked	
3) Do you want to	in a social political group
Do you want to work	<u>N.</u>
4) I always	to find the best words.
I always try -	
5) We	to fight for her rights.
We tried -	
C we use -	
6) They are	to get to the facts.

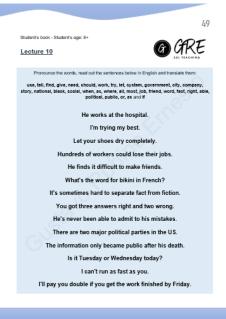
	47
7) Shem	
She let	
8) You are	him go.
You are letting	<u>×</u> O
9) The public	him win.
The public let	

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 3. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 4. Ask the student what is going on
- Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 3. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



Yellow Page

- 1. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 2. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 3. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 4. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

 Pronounce the ve 	rbs below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) call / calle	ed: / 🔊
b) may:	
c) mean / me	eant:/
2) Pronounce the no	ouns below in English and translate them to you
native language:	
a) month:	<u> </u>
b) program:	
d) home:	
e) kind:	
3) Pronounce the ad	Iverbs below in English and translate them to yo
native language:	
a) still:	

50

- 5. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 6. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

- 1. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 2. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

/erbs Ten	
These are the 125 [±] , the 127 [±] , and the words in the English language accord Contemporary American English	ing to the Corpus of
oall #125 (called, call, called), may #127	(may, may, may), meen #130 (mean, mean; mean;
1) They	this program "Welcome Home".
They called	
2) Did you	her late at night?
Did you call	
3) He	home last month.
He called -	<u> </u>
4) You	call him kind.
You may call -	
5) This program	help white bears.
This program may help	
6)	I call her every month?
May I call her	

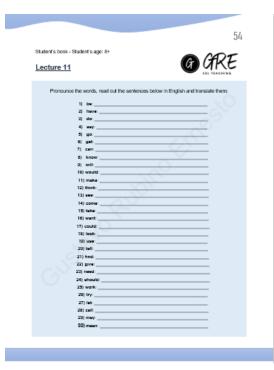
	52
7) What do you	?
What do you mean?	
8) That doesn't That doesn't mean	anything.
	that this business is over.
That means that	
Gustano Rui	,oiti

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 3. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 4. Ask the student what is going on
- Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 3. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

1) F	ronounce the verbs below in English and translate them to your
n	ative language:
	a) say / said:/
	b) go / went:/
	c) get / got:/
2) F	ronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to your
n	ative language:
	s) man:
	b) day:
	c) life:
	d) woman:
	e) world:
3) F	ronounce the adjectives below in English and translate them to
· y	our native language:
c.	s) great:
	b) big:
	c) high:

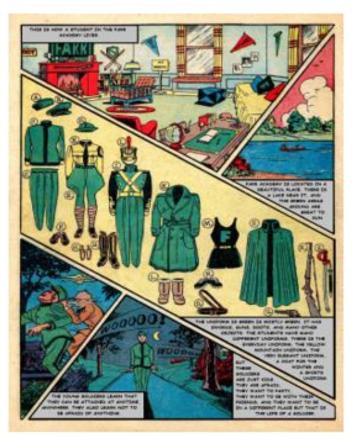
- 5. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

4) Pronounce the personal pronouns and the objective personal pronouns below in English and translate them to your native language: a) I / me: b) you / you: c) he / him: d) she / her: e) it / it: f) we / us: g) they / them:

- 1. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 2. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

Exercise Two	A MT
Name:	
These are the fifth, sixth, seventh and eig Language according to the Corpus of Cont say #26 (says, say, said) go #31 (go, v	emporary American English, aka COCA.
1) Mom always	it is great to go out.
Mom always says	
2) They	that life is good.
They say)`
3) A woman	_ nice things to me the other day.
A woman said -	
4) Every man needs to	out and see the world.
Every man needs to go out	
5) I	to visit a big building.
U went	
6) Are we	to the cinema?
Are we going	

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 3. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 4. Ask the student what is going on
- Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

a) say / said	
u/ ouj / ouiu	
b) go / went:	/
c) get / got:	
2) Pronounce the nouns below	in English and translate them to you
native language:	
a) man:	
b) day:	
c) life:	<u> </u>
d) woman:	
e) world:	
3) Pronounce the adjectives be	elow in English and translate them to
your native language:	
a) great:	
b) big:	
c) high:	

- 5. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

4) Pronounce the personal pronouns and the objective personal pronouns below in English and translate them to your native language: a) I / me: b) you / you: c) he / him: d) she / her: e) it / it: f) we / us: g) they / them:

- 1. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 2. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

Exercise Two Name:	G GRE
Language according to the Corpus of Co	eighth most common verbs in the English ntemporary American English, aka COCA.
	it is great to go out.
2) They	that life is good.
They say3) A woman A woman said -	nice things to me the other day.
	out and see the world.
5)1	to visit a big building.
6) Are we	to the cinema?
Are we going]

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 3. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 4. Ask the student what is going on
- Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example

64
Student's book - Student's age: 8+
Lecture 13 COCKE
Pronounce the words, read out the sentences below in English and translate them:
should, work, fry, feel, ask, talk, keep, leave, put, study, issue, name, idea, room, white, better, late, percent, law, power, kid, war, free, sorry, and low.
Can you keep the dog outside, please?
I'll be leaving at five o'clock tomorrow.
She put her bag on the table.
You got 20 percent of the answers right.
There are laws against drinking in the street.
The economic power of many Asian countries has grown.
He took the kids to the park.
Britain and France declared war on Germany in 1939.
Please feel free to interrupt me.
Oh, I'm sorry - I didn't see you there.
Temperatures are very low for the time of year.

- Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

a) say / said:/
b) go / went:/
c) get / got:/
Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to you
native language:
a) man:
b) day:
c) life:
d) woman:
e) world:
3) Pronounce the adjectives below in English and translate them to
your native language:
a) great:
b) big:
c) high:

- 5. Pronounce the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

4) Pronounce the personal pronouns and the objective personal pronouns below in English and translate them to your native language: a) I / me: b) you / you: c) he / him: d) she / her: e) it / it: f) we / us: g) they / them:

- 1. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 2. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

Exercise Two	ADT
Name:	
	eighth most common verbs in the English ontemporary American English, aka COCA.
say #26 (says, say, said) go #31 (g	o, went, going), get #34 (got, getting, got)
1) Mom always	it is great to go out.
Mom always says	
2) They	that life is good.
They say	<u>0.</u>
3) A woman	nice things to me the other day.
A woman said -	
4) Every man needs to	out and see the world.
Every man needs to go out	
5) I	to visit a big building.
I went	
6) Are we	to the cinema?
Are we going	

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 3. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 4. Ask the student what is going on
- 5. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example

69
Student's book - Student's age: 8+
Lecture 14 G GKE
ESI TEACHING
Pronounce the words, read out the sentences below in English and translate them:
should, work, try, feel, ask, talk, keep, leave, put, like, help start, percent, law, power, kid, war, free, sorry, low, head, team, eye, side,
human, true and whole.
l like your eyes.
The robot likes humans.
I like to always look at someone's head.
The to analysion at some one since.
She helps me with the whole homework.
You need to help the team.
He helped his mother.
I started reading a book based on a true story.
С [~]
I started shaving my head last month.
Let's start on the right side.

- Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

a) say / said:	′
b) go / went:	/
c) get / got:	//
) Pronounce the nouns b	elow in English and translate them to yo
native language:	
a) man:	
b) day:	
c) life:	
d) woman:	<u> </u>
e) world:	
) Pronounce the adjective	es below in English and translate them to
your native language:	
a) great:	
b) big:	
u/ u/g	

- 5. Pronounce the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

) Pronounce the per	sonal pronouns and the objectiv	/e persona
pronouns below in	English and translate them to you	ur native
language:		
a) I/me: _		
b) you / you: _		
c) he / him: _		
d) she / her:		
e)it/it:		
f) we/us:		
g) they / them:		

- Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

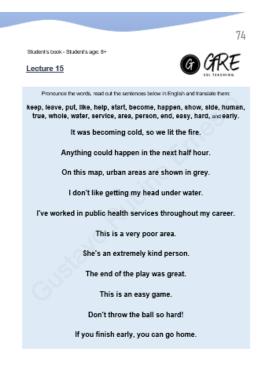
Name:	G GRE
	eighth most common verbs in the English ontemporary American English, aka COCA.
say #26 (says, say, said) go #31 (g	o, went, going), get #34 (got, getting, got)
1) Mom always	it is great to go out.
Mom always says	
2) They	that life is good.
They say	<u>0'</u>
3) A woman	nice things to me the other day.
A woman said	
4) Every man needs to	out and see the world.
5) I	to visit a big building.
I went	
6) Are we	to the cinema?
Are we going	

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
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- 4. Ask the student what is going on
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Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 6. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

native language:	
a) say / said:	/
b) go / went:	/
c) get / got:	/
2) Pronounce the nouns bel	ow in English and translate them to yo
native language:	
a) man:	
b) day:	<u> </u>
c) life:	
d) woman:	
e) world:	
) Pronounce the adjectives	below in English and translate them t
your native language:	
a) great:	
b) big:	
c) high:	

- 5. Pronounce the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

) Pronounce the per	sonal pronouns and the objectiv	/e persona
pronouns below in	English and translate them to you	ur native
language:		
a) I/me: _		
b) you / you: _		
c) he / him: _		
d) she / her:		
e)it/it:		
f) we/us:		
g) they / them:		

- Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

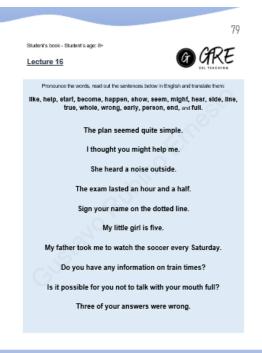
Name:	G GRE
	ighth most common verbs in the English ntemporary American English, aka COCA.
say #26 (says, say, said) go #31 (go	, went, going), get #34 (got, getting, got)
1) Mom always	it is great to go out.
Mom always says	
2) They	that life is good.
They say	<u>0.</u>
3) A woman	nice things to me the other day.
A woman said -	
4) Every man needs to	out and see the world.
5) I	to visit a big building.
I went	
6) Are we	to the cinema?
Are we going	

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 3. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 4. Ask the student what is going on
- Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

say / said:/
b) go / went: /
c) get / got:/
2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to you
native language:
a) man:
b) day:
c) life:
d) woman:
e) world:
3) Pronounce the adjectives below in English and translate them to
your native language:
s) great:
b) big:
c) high:

- 5. Pronounce the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
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) Pronounce the per	sonal pronouns and the objectiv	/e persona
pronouns below in	English and translate them to you	ur native
language:		
a) I / me: _		
b) you / you: _		
c) he / him: _		
d) she / her:		
e)it/it:		
f) we/us:		
g) they / them:		

- Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

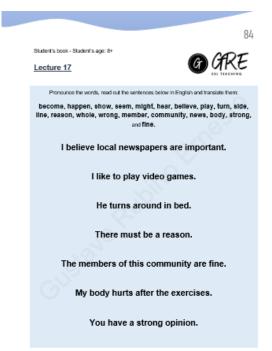
Name:	G GRE
	eighth most common verbs in the English ontemporary American English, aka COCA.
say #26 (says, say, said) go #31 (g	o, went, going), get #34 (got, getting, got)
1) Mom always	it is great to go out.
Mom always says	
2) They	that life is good.
They say	<u>0'</u>
3) A woman	nice things to me the other day.
A woman said	
4) Every man needs to	out and see the world.
5) I	to visit a big building.
I went	
6) Are we	to the cinema?
Are we going	

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 3. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 4. Ask the student what is going on
- Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

a) say / said:	'
b) go / went:	/
c) get / got:	//
) Pronounce the nouns	below in English and translate them to yo
native language:	
a) man:	
b) day:	
c) life:	<u> </u>
d) woman:	<u> </u>
e) world:	
) Pronounce the adjecti	ives below in English and translate them t
your native language:	
a) great:	<u></u>
b) big:	

- 5. Pronounce the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

) Pronounce the per	sonal pronouns and the objectiv	e persona
pronouns below in	English and translate them to you	ur native
language:		
a) I / me: _		
b) you / you: _		
c) he / him: _		
d) she / her:		
e)it/it:		
f) we/us:		
g) they / them:		

- Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

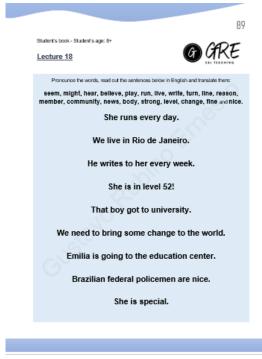
Name:	G GRE
	eighth most common verbs in the English ontemporary American English, aka COCA.
say #26 (says, say, said) go #31 (g	io, went, going), get #34 (got, getting, got)
1) Mom always	it is great to go out.
Mom always says -	
2) They	that life is good.
They say	0.
3) A woman	nice things to me the other day.
A woman said	
4) Every man needs to	out and see the world.
Every man needs to go out	
5)	to visit a big building.
I went	
6) Are we	to the cinema?
Are we going	

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
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Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 3. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

native langua	age:	
a) say / s	said:/	
b) go / w	/ent://	
c) get / g	jot:/	
2) Pronounce th	he nouns below in English and translate the	em to your
native langua	age:	
a) man: _		
b) day: _		
c) life: _		
d) womar	n:	
e) world:		
3) Pronounce th	he adjectives below in English and translate	e them to
your native la	anguage:	
a) great:		
b) big: _		

- 5. Pronounce the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

) Pronounce the per	sonal pronouns and the objectiv	e persona
pronouns below in	English and translate them to you	ur native
language:		
a) I / me: _		
b) you / you: _		
c) he / him: _		
d) she / her:		
e) it / it:		
f) we/us:		
g) they / them:		

- Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

Name:	G GRE
These are the fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth most common Language according to the Corpus of Contemporary American	
say #26 (says, say, said) go #31 (go, went, going), get #34	(got, getting, got)
1) Mom always it is gre	at to go out.
Mom always says	
2) They that life is	good.
They say	
3) A woman nice things to n	ne the other day.
A woman said	
4) Every man needs to out a	nd see the world.
Every man needs to go out	
5) Ito visit a big be	uilding.
I went	
6) Are we to the ci	inema?
Are we going	

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Blue Page

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- Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

1) Pronounce the verbs below in English and translate them to your
native language:
a) say / said:/
b) go / went:/
c) get / got:/
2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to your
native language:
a) man:
b) day:
c) life:
d) woman:
e) world:
3) Pronounce the adjectives below in English and translate them to
your native language:
a) great:
b) big:
c) high:

- 5. Pronounce the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

) Pronounce the per	sonal pronouns and the objectiv	ve persona
pronouns below in	English and translate them to you	ur native
language:		
a) I / me:		
b) you / you: _	A	
c) he / him: _		
d) she / her:		
e)it/it:		
f) we/us:		
g) they / them:		

- Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

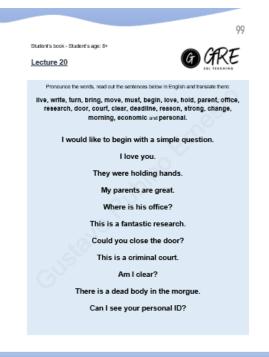
Name:	G GRE
These are the fifth, sixth, seventh and e Language according to the Corpus of Cor	ghth most common verbs in the English temporary American English, aka COCA.
say #26 (says, say, said) go #31 (go,	went, going), get #34 (got, getting, got)
1) Mom always	it is great to go out.
Mom always says	
2) They	that life is good.
They say	<u>) </u>
3) A woman	nice things to me the other day.
A woman said -	
4) Every man needs to	out and see the world.
Every man needs to go out	
5) I	to visit a big building.
I went	
6) Are we	to the cinema?
Are we going	

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
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Blue Page

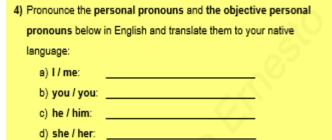
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
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- Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

native language:	
a) say / said:	
b) go / went:	//
c) get / got:	/
?) Pronounce the nouns belo	ow in English and translate them to you
native language:	
a) man:	<u> </u>
b) day:	
c) life:	<u></u>
d) woman:	
e) world:	
) Pronounce the adjectives	below in English and translate them to
your native language:	
s) great:	
b) big:	
c) high:	

- 5. Pronounce the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words



e) it / it:

- Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

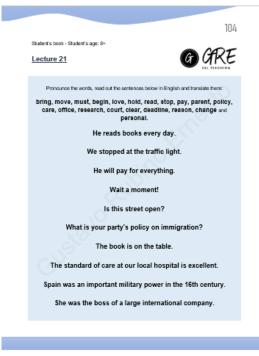
Exercise Two Name:		G	GRE
These are the fifth, sixth, seventh and eig Language according to the Corpus of Cont	emporary Americar	n English, ai	ka ČOCA.
say #26 (says, say, said) go #31 (go, 1	went, going), get #34	(got, getting	i, got)
1) Mom always	it is grea	at to go ou	t.
Mom always says	<u> </u>		
2) They	that life is	good.	
They say)		_
3) A woman	nice things to m	ne the othe	er day.
A woman said			
4) Every man needs to			
Every man needs to go out 5) I			
I went			
6) Are we	to the ci	nema?	
Are we going			

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
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Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 3. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 1. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 3. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

1) Pronounce the verbs below in En	glish and translate them to your
native language:	
a) see / saw:	G`
b) come / came:	
c) take / took:	
2) Pronounce the nouns below in Er	nglish and translate them to you
native language:	
a) country:	
b) week:	<u>) </u>
c) point:	
d) hand:	
e) group:	
Pronounce the adjectives below i	in English and translate them to
your native language:	
b) right:	
c) large:	

- 5. The ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

					26
4	Pronounce the co		w in English	and translate then	n to
	your native langue	-			
	c) but:		-0-		
5) Pronounce the ad	lverbs below in	English and to	anslate them to v	our
	native language:			,	
	a) up:	\sim			
	b) out:				
	c) how:	<u> </u>			

- Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		ZI
Exercise Five These are the 68°, the 61 st and the 63° m in the English language according to Contemporary American English, a	the Corpus of	G GRE
866 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came,	come, coming), take #	63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house	this week.
He will see		
2) Roberto and Stephen		he president.
They saw	<u></u>	
3) The small, old man	a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country I	ast week.
We came		
5) I will	_ back to my house	e next week.
I will come back		

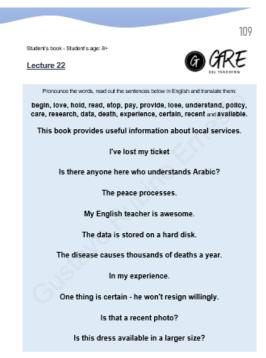
	2
home this month or the next mont	h2
nome and monar or the next mona	:
	-
her big, old car.	
<u>0</u>	
his hand out of the cold water.	
ght people need to	_ thi
seriously.	
ive the right people need to take	
ive, the right people need to take -	
	her big, old car.

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 3. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 4. Ask the student what is going on
- 5. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 1. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 3. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	s below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) see / saw:	/5
b) come / cam	e:/
c) take / took:	//
2) Pronounce the nour	ns below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) country:	
b) week:	
c) point:	
d) hand:	
e) group: 🔤	
3) Pronounce the adject	ctives below in English and translate them to
your native language	e:
a) small:	<u></u>
b) right:	

- 5. The ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

					26
4	Pronounce the co		w in English	and translate then	n to
	your native langue	-			
	c) but:		-0-		
5) Pronounce the ad	lverbs below in	English and to	anslate them to v	our
	native language:			,	
	a) up:	\sim			
	b) out:				
	c) how:	<u> </u>			

- Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		Z1
Exercise Five These are the 56 th , the 61 th and the 63 th in in the English language according to Contemporary American English, i	the Corpus of	G GRE
868 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came	, come, coming), take #	163 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house	e this week.
He will see		
2) Roberto and Stephen	<u> </u>	the president.
They saw	<u></u>	
3) The small, old man	a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country	last week.
We came		
5) I will	back to my hous	e next week.
I will come back		

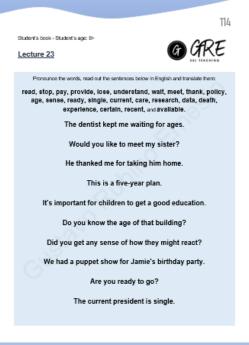
	2
	-
8) Are you home this month or the next mo	nth?
· · · · ·	
Are you coming	_
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	-
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	thi
seriously.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
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Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 1. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 3. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	25
rbs below in English and trans	slate them to your
me://	
k:/	
jectives below in English and	translate them to
/: a	t://////

- 5. The ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

					26
4	Pronounce the co		w in English	and translate then	n to
	your native langue	-			
	c) but:		-0-		
5) Pronounce the ad	lverbs below in	English and to	anslate them to v	our
	native language:			,	
	a) up:	\sim			
	b) out:				
	c) how:	<u> </u>			

- Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		ZI
Exercise Five These are the 68°, the 61 st and the 63° m in the English language according to Contemporary American English, a	the Corpus of	G GRE
860 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came,	come, coming), take #	63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house	this week.
He will see		
2) Roberto and Stephen		he president.
They saw	<u></u>	
3) The small, old man	a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country I	ast week.
We came		
5) I will	_ back to my house	e next week.
I will come back		

6) A	
6) Are you home this month or the next mo	nth?
Are you coming	
7) He just her big, old car.	
č	
He just took	-
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
I am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	thi
seriously.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –	
in we want to survive, the fight people need to take -	
5	

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
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- 5. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

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- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 3. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example

	11
Student's book - Student's age: 8+	A CAT
Lecture 24	G GKE
Pronounce the words, read of	out the sentences below in English and translate them:
policy, age, sense, ready,	and, wait, meet, thank, change, watch, sit, college, current, mind, research, data, class , likely, general, and short.
She	's just changed jobs.
I wate	hed him get into a cab.
The	dog sat in the carpet.
I met my hus	band when we were in college.
What kind	l of music do you listen to?
	Do you mind?
Which c	lass are you in this year?
Police	officers are underpaid.
ľm	likely to forget that.
There is a ge	eneral good feeling about this.
	l am not short.

- 1. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 2. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 3. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

1) Pronounce the verbs below in English and trans	slate them to your
native language:	- UC
a) see / saw:/	
b) come / came:/	0
c) take / took:/	12
2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and tran	nslate them to you
native language:	
a) country:	
b) week:	
c) point:	
d) hand:	
e) group:	
3) Pronounce the adjectives below in English and	l translate them to
your native language:	
a) small:	
b) right:	

- 5. The ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 6. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

2
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them to
4) Prohounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them to your native language:
a) and:
b) that:
c) but:
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your
native language:
a) up:
b) out:
c) how:

- Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		27
Exercise Five		
These are the 56 th , the 61 st and the 63 st in the English language according t Contemporary American English	o the Corpus of	
869 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (car	e, come, coming), take	#63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small hous	e this week.
He will see		
2) Roberto and Stephen		the president.
They saw	de la	
3) The small, old man	a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country	last week.
We came -		
5) I will	back to my hous	e next week.
I will come back		

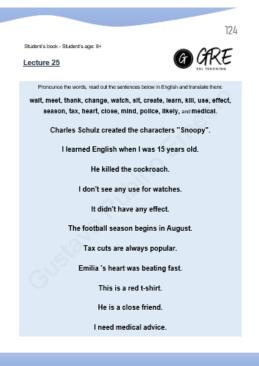
6) Are you home this month or the next month? Are you coming 7) He just her big, old oar. He just took his hand out of the cold water. 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously. If we want to survive, the right people need to take -			2
7) He just her big, old car. He just took 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	6) Are you	home this month or the next month?	,
He just took 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	Are you coming		
8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to the seriously.	7) He just	her big, old car.	
I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	He just took		
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	8) I am	his hand out of the cold water.	
seriously.	I am taking		
201	9) If we want to survive, the r	ight people need to t	thi
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –		seriously.	
Cherry Ch	If we want to sur	vive, the right people need to take –	
CU ^S			
GNST .	× O		
	GNS .		

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 3. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 4. Ask the student what is going on
- Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 1. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 3. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

			2
 Pronounce the verbs bell 	low in English an	d translate the	em to your
native language:			
a) see / saw:	//		
b) come / came:	1		25
c) take / took:	1		
·			-
2) Pronounce the nouns be	low in English a	nd translate th	em to your
native language:			
a) country:	195		
b) week:	<u> </u>		
c) point:	\sim		
d) hand:			
e) group:			
3) Pronounce the adjective	s below in Englis	h and transla	te them to
your native language:			
a) small:			
b) right:			
c) large:			

- 5. The ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 7. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 8. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 9. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

26	,
20	<i>'</i>
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them to	
your native language:	
s) and:	
b) that:	
c) but:	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your	
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out:	

- Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 3. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 4. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 5. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		ZI
Exercise Five These are the 68°, the 61 st and the 63° m in the English language according to Contemporary American English, a	the Corpus of	G GRE
866 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came,	come, coming), take #	63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house	this week.
He will see		
2) Roberto and Stephen		he president.
They saw	<u></u>	
3) The small, old man	a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country I	ast week.
We came		
5) I will	_ back to my house	e next week.
I will come back		

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mo	nth?
Are you coming	
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	this
seriously.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	
0,	
N.O.	
GUST	

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 2. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 3. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 4. Ask the student what is going on
- Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 6. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 10.Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 11.Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 12.Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 13.Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

1) Pronounce the verbs b	elow in English ar	nd translate	them to your
native language:			
a) see / saw:	,		6
b) come / came:			
c) take / took:			<u> </u>
.,		$\langle \rangle \rangle$	
2) Pronounce the nouns t	elow in English a	nd translate	them to your
native language:			
a) country:	195		
b) week:			
c) point:			
d) hand:	<u> </u>		
e) group:			
Pronounce the adjective	es below in Engli	ish and trans	slate them to
your native language:			
<u></u>			
b) right: c) large:			

- 14. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 15.Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 16.Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 17.Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 18.Ask the student to pronounce all the words

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	20
A Deserves the environtions below in Desire and to add the	<u> </u>
 Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate the 	em to
your native language:	
s) and:	
b) that: c) but:	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to	vour
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	

- 4. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 5. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 6. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 7. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 8. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		21
Exercise Five These are the 60°, the 61 st and the 63° m in the English language according to Contemporary American English, a	he Corpus of	G GRE
see #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came,	come, coming), take #	63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house	this week.
He will see		
2) Roberto and Stephen	<u></u>	he president.
They saw		
3) The small, old man	a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country I	ast week.
We came -		
5) will	_ back to my house	e next week.
I will come back		

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mo	nth?
Are you coming	
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	this
seriously.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	
0,	
N.O.	
GUST	

- Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 7. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 8. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 9. Ask the student what is going on
- 10.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 9. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 19. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 20.Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 21.Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 22.Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

 Pronounce the verbs bel 	ow in English an	d translate	them to your
native language:			
a) see / saw:	//		9`
b) come / came:	1		<u></u>
c) take / took:	,		
· —		2</td <td></td>	
2) Pronounce the nouns be	low in English ar	nd translate	e them to you
native language:			
a) country:			
b) week:	- 201		
c) point:			
d) hand:			
e) group:			
3) Pronounce the adjective	s below in Englis	sh and tran	slate them to
your native language:			
s) small:			
a) small: b) right:			

- 23. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 24. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 25.Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 26.Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 27.Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
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	ions below in English and translate them to
your native language:	
s) and:	
b) that:	
c) but:	0
5) Pronounce the advertis	below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	

- Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 10.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 11.Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 12.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 13.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		Z1
Exercise Five These are the 60°, the 61 st and the 63 st m in the English language according to Contemporary American English, a	the Corpus of	G GRE
866 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came,	come, coming), take #	63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house	this week.
He will see		
2) Roberto and Stephen	<u> </u>	he president.
They saw	2	
3) The small, old man	a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country I	ast week.
We came -		
5) will	_ back to my house	e next week.
I will come back		

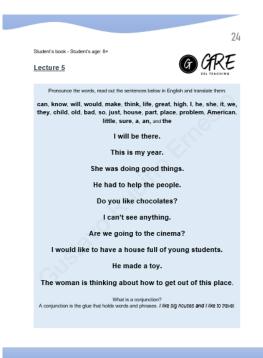
		2
6) Are you	home this month or the next month	h?
Are you coming		
7) He just	her big, old car.	
He just took		
8) I am	his hand out of the cold water.	
I am taking		
 If we want to survive the ric 	ght people need to	thi
-,	seriously.	
If we want to surv	ive, the right people need to take –	
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25		

- 11.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 12.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 13.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 14.Ask the student what is going on
- 15.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 10.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 11.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 12.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 28.Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 29.Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 30.Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 31.Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

 Pronounce the verbs bel 	ow in English an	d translate	them to your
native language:			
a) see / saw:	//		9`
b) come / came:	1		<u></u>
c) take / took:	,		
· —			
2) Pronounce the nouns be	low in English ar	nd translate	e them to you
native language:			
a) country:			
b) week:	- 201		
c) point:			
d) hand:			
e) group:			
3) Pronounce the adjective	s below in Englis	sh and tran	slate them to
your native language:			
s) small:			
a) small: b) right:			

- 32. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 33.Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 34.Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 35.Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 36.Ask the student to pronounce all the words

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	20
0 December 10	- Supetions below in Fredick and benefits three to
	onjunctions below in English and translate them to
your native langu	
	<u> </u>
0) but	0
5) Pronounce the ad	dverbs below in English and translate them to your
native language:	201
a) up:	
b) out:	
	<u></u>

- 14.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 15.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 16.Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 17.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 18.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		21
Exercise Five These are the 60°, the 61° and the 63° m in the English language according to Contemporary American English, a	the Corpus of	G GRE
868 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came,	come, coming), take #	63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house	this week.
He will see		
2) Roberto and Stephen	<u> </u>	he president.
They saw	<u>)</u>	
3) The small, old man	a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country I	ast week.
We came -		
5) will	_ back to my house	e next week.
I will come back		

		2
6) Are you	home this month or the next month	h?
Are you coming		
7) He just	her big, old car.	
He just took		
8) I am	his hand out of the cold water.	
I am taking		
9) If we want to survive the ric	ght people need to	thi
-,	seriously.	
If we want to surv	ive, the right people need to take –	
0,		
× Or		
25		

- 16.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 17.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 18.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 19.Ask the student what is going on
- 20.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 13.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 14.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 15.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 37.Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 38.Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 39.Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 40.Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

1) Pronounce the verbs b	elow in English ar	nd translate	them to your
native language:			
a) see / saw:	,		6
b) come / came:			
c) take / took:			<u> </u>
.,		$\langle \rangle \rangle$	
2) Pronounce the nouns t	elow in English a	nd translate	them to your
native language:			
a) country:	195		
b) week:			
c) point:			
d) hand:	<u> </u>		
e) group:			
Pronounce the adjective	es below in Engli	ish and trans	slate them to
your native language:			
<u></u>			
b) right: c) large:			

- 41. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 42. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 43.Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 44. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 45.Ask the student to pronounce all the words

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() D	
	ctions below in English and translate them to
your native language:	
a) and: b) that:	
c) but:	
c) but.	
5) Pronounce the adverte	s below in English and translate them to your
native language:	10
	<u>E</u>
	<u> </u>

- 19.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 20.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 21.Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 22.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 23.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		21
Exercise Five These are the 66°, the 61 st and the 63 st mo in the English language according to t Contemporary American English, at	he Corpus of	G GRE
869 #56 (see, saw, saw), COM9 #61 (came,	come, coming), take #	63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house	this week.
He will see		
2) Roberto and Stephen		he president.
They saw	<u> </u>	
3) The small, old man	a large (group of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country I	ast week.
We came		
5) I will	_ back to my house	e next week.
I will come back		

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	h?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
S. S	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
1 ani taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	_ thi
seriously.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	

- 21.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 22.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 23.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 24.Ask the student what is going on
- 25.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 16.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 17.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 18.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 46.Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 47.Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 48.Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 49.Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

1) Pronounce the verbs b	elow in English ar	nd translate	them to your
native language:			
a) see / saw:	,		6
b) come / came:			
c) take / took:			<u> </u>
.,		$\langle \rangle \rangle$	
2) Pronounce the nouns t	elow in English a	nd translate	them to your
native language:			
a) country:	195		
b) week:			
c) point:			
d) hand:	<u> </u>		
e) group:			
Pronounce the adjective	es below in Engli	ish and trans	slate them to
your native language:			
<u></u>			
b) right: c) large:			

- 50. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 51. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 52.Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 53.Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 54.Ask the student to pronounce all the words

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	20
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translat	a thorn to
your native language:	e mentio
a) and:	
b) that:	
c) but:	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate the	m to your
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	

- 24.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 25.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 26.Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 27.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 28.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		21
Exercise Five These are the 60°, the 61 st and the 63 st m in the English language according to Contemporary American English, a	the Corpus of	G GRE
866 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came,	come, coming), take #	63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house	this week.
He will see		
2) Roberto and Stephen		he president.
They saw	<u></u>	
3) The small, old man	a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country I	ast week.
We came		
5) will	_ back to my house	e next week.
I will come back		

		2
6) Are you	home this month or the next month	h?
Are you coming		
7) He just	her big, old car.	
He just took		
8) I am	his hand out of the cold water.	
I am taking		
 If we want to survive the ric 	ght people need to	thi
-,	seriously.	
If we want to surv	ive, the right people need to take –	
0,		
× Or		
25		

- 26.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 27.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 28.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 29.Ask the student what is going on
- 30.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 19.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 20.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 21.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 55.Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 56.Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 57.Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 58.Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

1) Pronounce the verbs b	elow in English ar	nd translate	them to your
native language:			
a) see / saw:	,		6
b) come / came:			
c) take / took:			<u> </u>
.,		$\langle \rangle \rangle$	
2) Pronounce the nouns t	elow in English a	nd translate	them to your
native language:			
a) country:	195		
b) week:			
c) point:			
d) hand:	<u> </u>		
e) group:			
Pronounce the adjective	es below in Engli	ish and trans	slate them to
your native language:			
<u></u>			
b) right: c) large:			

- 59. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 60.Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 61.Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 62. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 63.Ask the student to pronounce all the words

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	2
() Pressures the series	nctions below in English and translate them to
your native language:	
	K``
-,	
5) Pronounce the adver	bs below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	<u></u>

- 29.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 30.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 31. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 32.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 33.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	4	61
Exercise Five These are the 56°, the 61" and the 63" in the English language according Contemporary American English	to the Corpus of	E
868 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (can	ne, come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)	
1) He will	a small house this week.	
He will see	<u> </u>	
2) Roberto and Stephen	the president.	
They saw		
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.	
The small, old man saw		_
4) We	to this country last week.	
We came -		
<u>C5</u>		
5) I will	back to my house next week.	
I will come back		

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	h?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
S. S	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
1 ani taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	_ thi
seriously.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	

- 31.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 32.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 33.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 34.Ask the student what is going on
- 35.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 22.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 23.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 24.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 64. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 65.Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 66.Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 67.Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

1) Pronounce the verbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) See / Saw: / b) come / Came: / c) take / took: / c) take / took: / 2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to your native language: a) country:	25
native language: a) see / saw: / b) come / came: / c) take / took: / z) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate to native language: a) country: a) country:	hem to your

- 68. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 69. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 70.Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 71.Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 72.Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below	in English and translate them to
your native language:	
s) and:	
b) that:	<u> </u>
c) but	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in E	nglish and translate them to your
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	

- 34.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 35.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 36.Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 37.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 38.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	2
Exercise Five These are the 58 th , the 61 st and the in the English language accord Contemporary American En	ling to the Corpus of
860 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61	(came, come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen _	the president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came	
5) will	back to my house next week.
I will come back -	

	,
	1
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	h?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
ne just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
	45-5
If we want to survive, the right people need to seriously.	_ this
2 V.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	
S. C.	

- 36.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 37.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 38.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 39.Ask the student what is going on
- 40.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 25.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 26.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 27.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 73.Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 74.Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 75.Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 76.Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

1) Pronounce the verbs b	elow in English ar	nd translate	them to your
native language:			
a) see / saw:	,		6
b) come / came:			
c) take / took:			<u> </u>
.,		$\langle \rangle \rangle$	
2) Pronounce the nouns t	elow in English a	nd translate	them to your
native language:			
a) country:	195		
b) week:			
c) point:			
d) hand:	<u> </u>		
e) group:			
Pronounce the adjective	es below in Engli	ish and trans	slate them to
your native language:			
<u></u>			
b) right: c) large:			

- 77. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 78.Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 79.Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 80.Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 81.Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	2
	Z
	tions below in English and translate them to
your native language:	
a) and:	
b) that:	
c) but:	
	below in English and translate them to your
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	

- 39.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 40.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 41. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 42.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 43.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		21
Exercise Five These are the 60°, the 61° and the 63° m in the English language according to Contemporary American English, a	the Corpus of	G GRE
868 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came,	come, coming), take #	63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house	this week.
He will see		
2) Roberto and Stephen	<u> </u>	he president.
They saw	<u>)</u>	
3) The small, old man	a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country I	ast week.
We came -		
5) will	_ back to my house	e next week.
I will come back		

		2
6) Are you	home this month or the next month	h?
Are you coming		
7) He just	her big, old car.	
He just took		
8) I am	his hand out of the cold water.	
I am taking		
 If we want to survive the ric 	ght people need to	thi
-,	seriously.	
If we want to surv	ive, the right people need to take –	
0,		
× Or		
25		

- 41.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 42.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 43.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 44.Ask the student what is going on
- 45.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 28.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 29.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 30.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 82.Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 83.Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 84.Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 85.Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	25
1) Pronounce the verbs below in English and translate the native language: a) see / saw:/ b) come / came:/ c) take / took:/ c) take / took:/ 2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate the native language: a) country: b) week: c) point: d) hand: e) group:	- hem to your

- 86. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 87. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 88.Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 89.Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 90.Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
4) Pronounce the conjunction	ns below in English and translate them to
your native language:	
a) and:	
b) that:	
c) but:	
·	
5) Pronounce the adverbs be	low in English and translate them to your
native language:	
s) up:	<u></u>
b) out:	
c) how:	

- 44.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 45.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 46.Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 47.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 48.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

xerclae Five	
hese are the 56 th , the 61 st and the 6 in the English language accord Contemporary American Eng	ling to the Corpus of
868 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61	(came, come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen _	the president.
They saw	10/1
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came	
5) I will	back to my house next week.
I will come back -	

6) Are you home this month or the next month? Are you coming 7) He just her big, old car. He just took 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to to seriously. If we want to survive, the right people need to take -		
Are you coming 7) He just her big, old car. He just took 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need tot seriously.		2
Are you coming 7) He just her big, old car. He just took 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need tot seriously.		4
7) He just her big, old car. He just took 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to t seriously.	you home this month or the next month?	?
7) He just her big, old car. He just took 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to t seriously.	you coming	
He just took his hand out of the cold water. 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need tot seriously.		
8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need tot seriously.	7) He just her big, old car.	
I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need tot seriously.	just took	
O) If we want to survive, the right people need tot seriously.	I am his hand out of the cold water.	
O) If we want to survive, the right people need tot seriously.	m taking -	
seriously.		
2.V.		this
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –	seriously.	
GUS AN	If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	
GUSE		
GUST	S. A.	
	<u>G</u> ĭ	

- 46.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 47.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 48.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 49.Ask the student what is going on
- 50.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Lecture 35

Blue Page

- 31.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 32.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 33.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 91.Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 92.Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 93.Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 94.Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

1) Pronounce the verbs belo	w in English an	nd translate	them to your
native language:			
a) see / saw:	,		_ 6
b) come / came:			
c) take / took:			
-,		$\langle \rangle \rangle$	
2) Pronounce the nouns be	low in English a	nd translate	them to your
native language:			
a) country:			
b) week:	201		
c) point:	<u> </u>		
d) hand:			
e) group:			
 Pronounce the adjectives your native language: 	s below in Englis	sh and tran	slate them to
b) right:			
c) large:			
o) iai ge.			

- 95. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 96.Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 97.Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 98.Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 99.Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
	20
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translat	a thorn to
your native language:	e mentio
a) and:	
b) that:	
c) but:	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate the	m to your
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	

- 49.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 50.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 51. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 52.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 53.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		21
Exercise Five These are the 56 th , the 61 th and the 63 th m in the English language according to Contemporary American English, a	the Corpus of	G GRE
868 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came,	, come, coming), take #	63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house	this week.
He will see		
2) Roberto and Stephen	;	he president.
They saw	<u></u>	
3) The small, old man	a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country I	ast week.
We came -		
5) I will	back to my house	e next week.
I will come back		

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	h?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
S. S	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
1 ani taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	_ thi
seriously.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	

- 51.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 52.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 53.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 54.Ask the student what is going on
- 55.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Lecture 36

Blue Page

- 34.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 35.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 36.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 100. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 101. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 102. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 103. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 104. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 105. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 106. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 107. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 108. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	25
 Fronounce the verbs below in English and translate them to you native language: a) see / saw: / b) come / came: / b) come / came: / c) take / took: / c) take / took: / Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to you native language: a) country:	
e) group:	
3) Pronounce the adjectives below in English and translate them to your native language:	o

 4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them to your native language: a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) up: b) out: c) how: 	26
your native language:	
a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) up: b) out: b) out:	
b) that:	
 but:	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: s) up: b) out:	
native language: s) up: b) out:	c) but:
nstive language: s) up: b) out:	
a) up: b) out:	
b) out:	
	c) now

- 54.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 55.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 56.Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 57.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 58.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	2
Exercise Five These are the 58 th , the 61 st and the in the English language accord Contemporary American En	ling to the Corpus of
860 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61	(came, come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen _	the president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came	
5) will	back to my house next week.
I will come back -	

	,
	1
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	h?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
ne just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
	45-5
If we want to survive, the right people need to seriously.	_ this
2 V.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	
S. C.	

- 56.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 57.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 58.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 59.Ask the student what is going on
- 60.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Lecture 37

Blue Page

- 37.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 38.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 39.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 109. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 110. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 111. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 112. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

 Pronounce the verbs below in English and 	i translate them to your
native language:	
a) see / saw://	<u> </u>
b) come / came:/	
c) take / took: /	
Pronounce the nouns below in English an	d translate them to you
native language:	
a) country:	
b) week:	
c) point:	
d) hand:	
e) group:	
3) Pronounce the adjectives below in English	h and translate them to
your native language:	
a) small:	
b) right:	
c) large:	

- 113. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 114. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 115. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 116. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 117. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and	translate them to
your native language:	
 a) and: 	
b) that:	
c) but:	
o) buc	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and tran	slate them to your
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	

- 59.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 60.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 61.Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 62.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 63.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	2
Exerctse Five These are the 56 th , the 61 th and the 6 in the English language accordin Contemporary American Eng	ng to the Corpus of
869 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen	the president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw -	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came	
5) I will	back to my house next week.

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	h?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
S. S	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
1 ani taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	_ thi
seriously.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	

- 61.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 62.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 63.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 64.Ask the student what is going on
- 65.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Lecture 38

Blue Page

- 40.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 41.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 42.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 118. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 119. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 120. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 121. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	25
 d) hand: e) group: 3) Pronounce the adjectives below your native language: 	English and translate them to your

- 122. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 123. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 124. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 125. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 126. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	2
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in	English and translate them to
your native language:	
s) and:	
b) that:	<u> </u>
c) but:	<u> </u>
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in Engl	ish and translate them to your
a) up:	
b) out: c) how:	
o,	

- 64.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 65.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 66.Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 67.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 68.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

xercise Five	
hese are the 56 th , the 61 st and the 6 in the English language accordi Contemporary American Eng	ng to the Corpus of
969 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen _	the president.
They saw	1011
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came	
5) I will	back to my house next week.
I will come back -	

	,
	1
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	h?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
ne just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
	45-5
If we want to survive, the right people need to seriously.	_ this
2 V.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	
S. C.	

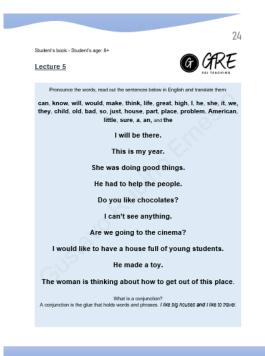
- 66.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 67.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 68.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 69.Ask the student what is going on
- 70.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Lecture 39

Blue Page

- 43.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 44.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 45.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 127. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 128. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 129. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 130. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	2
1) Pronounce the v	erbs below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) see / saw	t/S```
b) come / ca	ame://
c) take / too	ok:/
2) Pronounce the n	ouns below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) country:	
b) week:	
c) point:	<u></u>
d) hand:	
e) group:	0
	djectives below in English and translate them to
your native langu	Jage:
a) small:	
b) right: c) large:	

- 131. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 132. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 133. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 134. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 135. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English	and translate them to
your native language:	
a) and:	
b) that:	
c) but:	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and	translate them to your
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	

- 69.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 70.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 71.Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 72.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 73.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		27
Exercise Five These are the 56 th , the 61 st and the 63 st mc in the English language according to t Contemporary American English, a	he Corpus of	G GRE
868 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came,	come, coming), take #	63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house	this week.
He will see	_4	
2) Roberto and Stephen		he president.
They saw	je-	
3) The small, old man	a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country I	ast week.
We came -		
5) will		
I will come back		

			2
	en 4	h	4.0
	6) Are you	home this month or the next mon	th?
	Are you coming		_
	7) He just	her big, old car.	
	// riejust	ner big, did car.	
	He just took		
	8) I am	his hand out of the cold water.	
	I am taking		
ę	9) If we want to survive, th	e right people need to	_ thi
		seriously.	
	If we want to s	urvive, the right people need to take –	
		/	
	5		

- 71.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 72.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 73.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 74.Ask the student what is going on
- 75.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Lecture 40

Blue Page

- 46.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 47.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 48.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 136. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 137. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 138. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 139. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	25
 nstive language: a) see / saw: b) come / car c) take / took 2) Pronounce the nonstive language: a) country: b) week: c) point: d) hand: e) group: 	bs below in English and translate them to your

- 140. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 141. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 142. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 143. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 144. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	2
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in E	inglish and translate them to
your native language:	
a) and:	<u> </u>
b) that:	<u> </u>
c) but:	<u> </u>
	Y
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English	h and translate them to your
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	
10	

- 74.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 75.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 76.Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 77.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 78.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

_	
xerclae Five	A CA
hese are the 56 th , the 61 st and the in the English language accor Contemporary American E	rding to the Corpus of
8ee #56 (see, saw, saw), come #6	1 (came, come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen	the president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came -	
5) I will	back to my house next week.
Luill come back	

	,
	1
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	h?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
ne just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
	45-5
If we want to survive, the right people need to seriously.	_ this
2 V.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	
S. C.	

- 76.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 77.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 78.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 79.Ask the student what is going on
- 80.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Lecture 41

Blue Page

- 49.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 50.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 51.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 145. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 146. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 147. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 148. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

 Pronounce the verbs below in English an 	d translate them to your
native language:	
a) see / saw://	S`
b) come / came:/	
c) take / took:/	
Pronounce the nouns below in English ar	nd translate them to your
native language:	
a) country:	
b) week:	
c) point:	
d) hand:	
e) group:	
2) Deserves the distribution below in Facili	
 Pronounce the adjectives below in Englis your native language: 	an and translate them to
a) small:	
b) right:	
c) large:	
.,	

- 149. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 150. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 151. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 152. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 153. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
() Pressures the conjugations below in Easish and	translate them to
 Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and 	translate them to
your native language:	
a) and:	
b) that:	
c) but:	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and trans	clote there to your
native language:	state them to your
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	

- 79.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 80.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 81.Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 82.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 83.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

Exercise Five	
These are the 58 th , the 61 st and the 63 in the English language according Contemporary American Englis	g to the Corpus of
869 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (ca	ame, come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen	the president.
They saw	1011
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came -	
6	
5) I will	back to my house next week.

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	h?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
S. S	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
1 ani taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	_ thi
seriously.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	

- 81.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 82.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 83.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 84.Ask the student what is going on
- 85.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Lecture 42

Blue Page

- 52.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 53.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 54.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 154. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 155. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 156. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 157. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	25
 d) hand: e) group: 3) Pronounce the adjectives below your native language: 	English and translate them to your

- 158. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 159. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 160. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 161. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 162. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
Pronounce the conjunctions below in Engl	ish and translate them to
your native language:	
s) and:	7 .8
b) that:	- //
c) but:	-
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English ar	d translate them to your
native language:	id translate triefit to your
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	

- 84.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 85.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 86.Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 87.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 88.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

xerclae Five	
These are the 56 th , the 61 st and the 6 in the English language accord Contemporary American Eng	ing to the Corpus of
8ee #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61	(came, come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen _	the president.
They saw	il'
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came	
5) I will	back to my house next week.
·	
I will come back	

	4
6) Are you hor	ne this month or the next month?
Are you coming	
7) He just	her big, old car.
He just took	2
8) Iamhi	s hand out of the cold water.
l am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people ne	
seriously	<i>I</i> .
If we want to survive, the righ	t people need to take –
.0	

- 86.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 87.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 88.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 89.Ask the student what is going on
- 90.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Lecture 43

Blue Page

- 55.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 56.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 57.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 163. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 164. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 165. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 166. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

1) Pronounce the ve	erbs below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) see / saw	:/S``
b) come / ca	ime://
c) take / too	k ://
2) Pronounce the no	ouns below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) country:	
b) week:	
c) point:	<u></u>
d) hand:	
e) group:	0
	djectives below in English and translate them to
your native langu a) small:	
b) right:	
c) large:	
c/ large.	

- 167. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 168. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 169. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 170. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 171. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
	10
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English an	d translate them to
your native language:	
s) and:	
b) that:	
c) but	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and tran	
native language:	islate them to your
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	
,	

- 89.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 90.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 91.Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 92.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 93.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	2
Exercise Five These are the 56 th , the 61 th and the 6 in the English language accordin Contemporary American Eng	ng to the Corpus of
869 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen	the president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw -	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came	
5) I will	back to my house next week.

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	h?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
S. S	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
1 ani taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	_ thi
seriously.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	

- 91.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 92.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 93.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 94.Ask the student what is going on
- 95.Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Lecture 44

Blue Page

- 58.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 59.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 60.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 172. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 173. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 174. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 175. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

		25
 native language: a) see / saw b) come / ca c) take / too 2) Pronounce the nonative language: a) country: b) week: c) point: d) hand: e) group: 	rbs below in English and transle 	late them to your

- 176. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 177. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 178. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 179. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 180. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	2
Pronounce the conjunctions below in	n English and translate them to
your native language:	
s) and:	
b) that: c) but:	
c) buc	0
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in Eng	lish and translate them to your
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	

- 94.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 95.Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 96.Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 97.Repeat this process with all sentences
- 98.Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

xercise Five	
These are the 56 th , the 61 st and the 6 in the English language accordi Contemporary American Eng	ing to the Corpus of
969 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (carne, come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen _	the president.
They saw	1011
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came	
5) I will	back to my house next week.
I will come back -	

a	
6) Are you	_ home this month or the next month?
Are you coming	
7) He just	her big, old car.
He just took	
8) I am	his hand out of the cold water.
I am taking	
	ple need tot
se	riously.
If we want to survive, the	e right people need to take –
.0.	

- 96.Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 97.Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 98.Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 99.Ask the student what is going on
- 100. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Lecture 45

Blue Page

- 61.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 62.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 63.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 181. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 182. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 183. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 184. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	2
native language:	erbs below in English and translate them to your
	ime:/
	k :/
native language: a) country: b) week: c) point: d) hand: e) group:	Jjectives below in English and translate them to your

- 185. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 186. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 187. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 188. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 189. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
	20
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and t	renslate them to
your native language:	ransiate them to
s) and:	
b) that:	
c) but:	
c) but.	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and transla	ate them to your
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	

- 99.Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 100. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 101. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 102. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 103. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 56°, the 61″ and the 63″ in the English language according Contemporary American English	to the Corpus of
868 #56 (see, saw, saw), COMB #61 (can	me, come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen	the president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came	
5) I will	back to my house next week.
I will come back	

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	ih?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	this
seriously.	-
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –	
GUST	

- 101. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 102. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 103. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 104. Ask the student what is going on
- 105. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 64.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 65.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 66.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 190. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 191. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 192. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 193. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	25
1) Pronounce the verbs below in English and translate them to yo native language: a) see / saw:	Dur

- 194. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 195. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 196. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 197. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 198. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

 4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them to your native language: a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) up: b) out: b) out: c) how: 		26
your native language: a) and:		
your native language: a) and:		
your native language: a) and:		
your native language: a) and:	() Pressures the conjunctions below in F	colich and translate them to
a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) up: b) out:		inglish and panslate them to
b) that:		
 but:		
 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) up: b) out: 		
native language: a) up: b) out:	o, but	<u> </u>
native language: a) up: b) out:	5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English	h and translate them to your
a) up: b) out:		
b) out:		

- 104. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 105. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 106. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 107. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 108. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

Exercise Five These are the 56 th , the 61 st and the 63 st most common words in the English language according to the Corpus of Contemporary American English, aka COCA.	
	G GK
see #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He willa small house thi	s week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen the	president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man a large grou	up of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We to this country last	week.
We came	
5) I will back to my house ne	ext week.
l will come back	

6) Are you home this month or the next month? Are you coming 7) He just her big, old car. He just took his hand out of the cold water. 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking		28
Are you coming her big, old car. 7) He just her big, old car. He just took 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.		20
7) He just her big, old car. He just took 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	6) Are you home this month or the next mor	ith?
He just took 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	Are you coming	_
8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	7) He just her big, old car.	
I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	He just took	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
seriously.	l am taking	
2 Dec.	9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	this
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –	seriously.	
GUST	If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	
CUS		
CUS	10 m	
	and the second s	

- 106. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 107. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 108. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 109. Ask the student what is going on
- 110. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Lecture 47

Blue Page

- 67.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 68.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 69.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example

	Excure 5 Perocurce the words, read out the sentences below in English and translate them can, know, will, would, make, think, life, great, high, l, he, she, it, we, they, child, old, bad, so, just, house, part, place, problem, American, little, sure, a, an, and the Child be there. This is in my year. The had to help the people. Do you like chocolates? Lean't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.			
Lecture 5 Pronounce the words, read out the sertences below in English and translate them tan, know, will, would, make, think, life, great, high, l, he, she, it, we, they, child, old, bad, so, just, house, part, place, problem. American, little, sure, a, an, and the I will be there. This is my year. She was doing good things. He had to help the people. Do you like chocolates? I can't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.	Excure 5 Perocurce the words, read out the sentences below in English and translate them can, know, will, would, make, think, life, great, high, l, he, she, it, we, they, child, old, bad, so, just, house, part, place, problem, American, little, sure, a, an, and the Child be there. This is in my year. The had to help the people. Do you like chocolates? Lean't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.			24
Pronounce the words, read out the sentences below in English and translate them: can, know, will, would, make, think, life, great, high, I, he, she, it, we, they, child, old, bad, so, just, house, part, place, problem, American, little, sure, a, an, and the I will be there. This is my year. She was doing good things. He had to help the people. Do you like chocolates? I can't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.	Pronounce the words, read out the servences below in English and translate them: can, know, will, would, make, think, life, great, high, I, he, she, it, we, they, child, old, bad, so, just, house, part, place, problem, American, little, sure, a, and the I will be there. This is my year. She was doing good things. He had to help the people. Do you like chocolates? I can't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.	5	Student's book - Student's age: 8+	
an, know, will, would, make, think, life, great, high, I, he, she, it, we, they, child, old, bad, so, just, house, part, place, problem, American, little, sure, a, an, and the I will be there. This is my year. She was doing good things. He had to help the people. Do you like chocolates? I can't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.	can, know, will, would, make, think, life, great, high, I, he, she, it, we, they, child, old, bad, so, just, house, part, place, problem, American, little, sure, a, an, and the I will be there. This is my year. She was doing good things. He had to help the people. Do you like chocolates? I can't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.	ļ	Lecture 5	GAKE
an, know, will, would, make, think, life, great, high, I, he, she, it, we, they, child, old, bad, so, just, house, part, place, problem, American, little, sure, a, an, and the I will be there. This is my year. She was doing good things. He had to help the people. Do you like chocolates? I can't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.	can, know, will, would, make, think, life, great, high, I, he, she, it, we, they, child, old, bad, so, just, house, part, place, problem, American, little, sure, a, an, and the I will be there. This is my year. This is my year. She was doing good things. He had to help the people. Do you like chocolates? I can't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.		Pronounce the words, read out the sentences below in	English and translate them:
This is my year. This is my year. She was doing good things. He had to help the people. Do you like chocolates? I can't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.	This is my year. This is my year. She was doing good things. He had to help the people. Do you like chocolates? I can't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.		they, child, old, bad, so, just, house, part, pla	ace, problem, American,
She was doing good things. He had to help the people. Do you like chocolates? I can't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.	She was doing good things. He had to help the people. Do you like chocolates? I can't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.		I will be there.	
He had to help the people. Do you like chocolates? I can't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.	He had to help the people. Do you like chocolates? I can't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.		This is my year.	
Do you like chocolates? I can't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.	Do you like chocolates? I can't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.		She was doing good th	ings.
I can't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.	I can't see anything. Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.		He had to help the peo	ople.
Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.	Are we going to the cinema? I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.		Do you like chocolate	es?
I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place. What is a conjunction?	I would like to have a house full of young students. He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place. What is a conjunction?		I can't see anything	j .
He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place. What is a conjunction?	He made a toy. The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place. What is a conjunction?		Are we going to the cin	ema?
The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.	The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.		I would like to have a house full of	young students.
What is a conjunction?	What is a conjunction?		He made a toy.	
			The woman is thinking about how to g	get out of this place.
				e big houses and i like to travel.

- 199. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 200. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 201. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 202. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

1) Pronounce the verbs below	w in English and translate them to you
native language:	j.
a) see / saw:	G
	<u> </u>
c) take / took:	
o, uno / toon	
2) Pronounce the nouns belo	ow in English and translate them to yo
native language:	
a) country:	
b) week:	<u>_201</u>
c) point:	
d) hand:	
e) group:	
3) Pronounce the adjectives	below in English and translate them t
your native language:	
a) small:	
b) right:	
c) large:	<u> </u>

- 203. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 204. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 205. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 206. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 207. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

26
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them to
your native language:
s) and:
b) that:
c) but:
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your
native language:
a) up:
b) out: c) how:
c) now

- 109. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 110. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 111. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 112. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 113. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

2
nost common words the Corpus of aka COCA.
e, come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
a small house this week.
the president.
<u></u>
a large group of students.
to this country last week.
back to my house next week.

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	ih?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	this
seriously.	-
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –	
GUST	

- 111. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 112. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 113. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 114. Ask the student what is going on
- 115. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 70.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 71.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 72. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 208. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 209. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 210. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 211. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	25
 Pronounce the verbs below in English and translate the native language: a) see / saw: / b) come / came: / b) come / came: / c) take / took: / Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate the native language: a) country: b) week: b) week: b) week: c) point: d) hand: e) group: Show the adjectives below in English and translate the native language:	em to your

- 212. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 213. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 214. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 215. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 216. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

26
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them to
your native language:
a) and:
b) that:
c) but:
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your
native language:
a) up:
b) out:
c) how:

- 114. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 115. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 116. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 117. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 118. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 56°, the 61° and the 63° most common words in the English language according to the Corpus of Contemporary American English, aka COCA.	G GR
see #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, come, coming), take #	163 (took, taking, take)
1) He will a small house	e this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephent	the president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We to this country	last week.
We came	
5) I will back to my house	e next week.
I will come back	
i win come back	

		2
6) Are you	home this month or the next mon	th?
Are you coming		_
7) He just	her big, old car.	
He just took	6	
8) I am	his hand out of the cold water.	
I am taking		
9) If we want to survive, the right p	eople need to	this
	seriously.	_
If we want to survive	the right people need to take –	
ii we want to survive,	the fight people need to take -	
<u>x0</u>		

- 116. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 117. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 118. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 119. Ask the student what is going on
- 120. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Lecture 49

Blue Page

- 73.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 74.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 75.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example

24
Student's book - Student's age: 8+
Lecture 5 GO GTKE
Pronounce the words, read out the sentences below in English and translate them:
can, know, will, would, make, think, life, great, high, I, he, she, it, we, they, child, old, bad, so, just, house, part, place, problem. American,
little, sure, a, an, and the
I will be there.
This is my year.
She was doing good things.
He had to help the people.
Do you like chocolates?
I can't see anything.
Are we going to the cinema?
I would like to have a house full of young students.
He made a toy.
The woman is thinking about how to get out of this place.
What is a conjunction? A conjunction is the glue that holds words and phrases. I like big houses and I like to travel.

- 217. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 218. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 219. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 220. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	25
 Pronounce the verbs below in English and translate native language: a) see / saw: / b) come / came: / 	
c) take / took: //	
2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate	e them to your
native language:	
a) country:	
b) week:	
c) point:	
d) hand:	
e) group:	
Pronounce the adjectives below in English and tran	slate them to
your native language:	
a) small:	
b) right:	
c) large:	

- 221. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 222. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 223. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 224. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 225. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
	20
Pronounce the conjunctions below in Englishing	glish and translate them to
your native language:	
a) and:	<u>-</u> . ()
b) that:	<u> -</u>
c) but:	<u> </u>
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English	and translate them to your
native language:	
a) up:	_
b) out:	_
c) how:	_

- 119. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 120. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 121. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 122. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 123. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 56 th , the 61 st and the 63 st m in the English language according to Contemporary American English,	the Corpus of
869 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came	e, come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen	the president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came	
5) I will	back to my house next week.
I will come back	

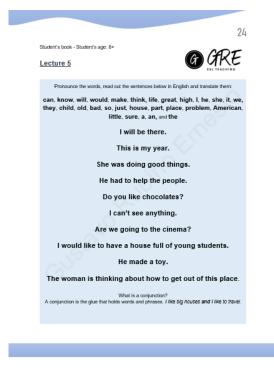
	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	h?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	_ this
seriously.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –	
10 m	
GUST	

- 121. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 122. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 123. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 124. Ask the student what is going on
- 125. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 76.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 77.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 78. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 226. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 227. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 228. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 229. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	25
 d) hand: e) group: 3) Pronounce the adjectives below your native language: 	English and translate them to your

- 230. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 231. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 232. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 233. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 234. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
 Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and 	o translate them to
your native language:	
a) and: b) that:	
c) but:	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and tran	slate them to your
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	

- 124. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 125. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 126. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 127. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 128. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 56°, the 61° and the 63° most common words in the English language according to the Corpus of Contemporary American English, aka COCA.	G GR
see #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, come, coming), take #	163 (took, taking, take)
1) He will a small house	e this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephent	the president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We to this country	last week.
We came	
5) I will back to my house	e next week.
I will come back	
i win come back	

		2
		4
6) Are you	home this month or the next month	?
Are you coming		
7) He just	her big, old car.	
He just took		
8) I am	his hand out of the cold water.	
I am taking		
9) If we want to survive, the righ	ht people need to	this
	seriously.	
16	ve, the right people need to take –	
If we want to surviv	ve, the right people need to take –	
	-	
GUST		

- 126. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 127. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 128. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 129. Ask the student what is going on
- 130. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 79.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 80.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 81.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 235. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 236. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 237. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 238. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

1) Pronounce the ve	erbs below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) see / saw	:/S``
b) come / ca	ime://
c) take / too	k:/
native language: a) country: b) week: c) point: d) hand: e) group:	ouns below in English and translate them to your
3) Pronounce the a	djectives below in English and translate them to
your native langu	age:
a) small:	
b) right:	
c) large:	

- 239. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 240. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 241. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 242. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 243. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	20
	20
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in	n English and translate them to
your native language:	
a) and:	
b) that:	
c) but:	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in Eng	lish and translate them to your
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	

- 129. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 130. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 131. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 132. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 133. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 56 th , the 61 st and the 63 st mor in the English language according to th Contemporary American English, ak	ne Corpus of
868 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, c	come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen	the president.
They saw	<u></u>
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came	
5) I will	_back to my house next week.
I will come back	

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	ih?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	this
seriously.	-
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –	
GUST	

- 131. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 132. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 133. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 134. Ask the student what is going on
- 135. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 82.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 83.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 84.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 244. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 245. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 246. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 247. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

25
 1) Pronounce the verbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) see / saw: / b) come / came: / c) take / took: / 2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to your native language: a) country: b) week: c) point: d) hand: e) group: 3) Pronounce the adjectives below in English and translate them to your native language: a) small:

- 248. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 249. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 250. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 251. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 252. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

26	
 26 4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them to your native language: a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) up: b) out: b) out: c) how: 	

- 134. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 135. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 136. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 137. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 138. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

Exercise Five		
These are the 56 th , the 61 st and the 63 st mo in the English language according to t Contemporary American English, a	he Corpus of	G GR
868 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came,	come, coming), take #	63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house	this week.
He will see		
2) Roberto and Stephen	<u></u>	he president.
They saw		
3) The small, old man	a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country I	ast week.
We came		
5) will	_ back to my house	e next week.
I will come back		

		2
		4
6) Are you	home this month or the next month	?
Are you coming		
7) He just	her big, old car.	
He just took		
8) I am	his hand out of the cold water.	
I am taking		
9) If we want to survive, the righ	ht people need to	this
	seriously.	
16	ve, the right people need to take –	
If we want to surviv	ve, the right people need to take –	
	-	
GUST		

- 136. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 137. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 138. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 139. Ask the student what is going on
- 140. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 85.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 86.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 87.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 253. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 254. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 255. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 256. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	-
1) Pronounce the verbs b	elow in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) see / saw:	S~
b) come / came: _	
c) take / took:	
· —	
2) Pronounce the nouns t	below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) country:	
b) week:	<u> </u>
c) point:	<u></u>
d) hand:	<u></u>
e) group:	
	ves below in English and translate them to
your native language:	
a) small:	
b) right:	
c) large:	

- 257. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 258. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 259. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 260. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 261. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
	ZU
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in Englis	h and translate them to
your native language:	
a) and:	
b) that:	\mathcal{O}
c) but:	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and	translate them to your
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out: c) how:	
c) now.	

- 139. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 140. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 141. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 142. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 143. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		27
Exercise Five These are the 56°, the 61 st and the 63 st mos in the English language according to th Contemporary American English, ak	e Corpus of	G GRE
800 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, c	ome, coming), take #	33 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house	this week.
He will see	{	
2) Roberto and Stephen	t	ne president.
They saw		
3) The small, old man	a large g	proup of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country la	ast week.
We came		
5) I will	_ back to my house	next week.
I will come back		

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	h?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	_ this
seriously.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –	
10 m	
GUST	

- 141. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 142. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 143. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 144. Ask the student what is going on
- 145. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 88.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 89.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 90.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 262. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 263. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 264. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 265. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

		25
 1) Pronounce the verbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) see / saw: / b) come / came: / c) take / took: / 2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to your native language: a) country: b) week: b) week: b) week: c) point:	native language: a) see / saw: / b) come / came: / c) take / took: / c) take / took: / 2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to your native language: a) country:	

- 266. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 267. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 268. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 269. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 270. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

26	
 4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them to your native language: a) and: b) that c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) up: b) out: c) how: 	

- 144. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 145. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 146. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 147. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 148. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 50°, the 61° and the 63° most common words in the English language according to the Corpus of Contemporary American English, aka COCA.	G GR
see #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, come, coming), take #63	l (took, taking, take)
1) He will a small house the	his week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen the	e president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man a large gr	oup of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We to this country las	st week.
We came	
5) I will back to my house r	next week.
I will come back	
I WIII COME DACK	

		2
		-
6) Are you	home this month or the next mon	th?
Are you coming		_
7) He just	her big, old car.	
He just took		
8) I am	his hand out of the cold water.	
I am taking		
9) If we want to survive, the right p	eople need to	this
	seriously.	_
If we want to survive	the right people need to take –	
in the Walk to Salitie,	are right people need to take -	
<u>x0</u>		

- 146. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 147. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 148. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 149. Ask the student what is going on
- 150. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 91.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 92.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 93.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 271. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 272. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 273. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 274. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	2
1) Pronounce the v	erbs below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) see / saw	t/S```
b) come / ca	ame://
c) take / too	ok:/
2) Pronounce the n	ouns below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) country:	
b) week:	
c) point:	<u></u>
d) hand:	
e) group:	0
	djectives below in English and translate them to
your native langu	Jage:
a) small:	
b) right: c) large:	

- 275. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 276. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 277. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 278. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 279. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	20
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in Er	nglish and translate them to
your native language:	- <u>6</u>
s) and:	
b) that:	
c) but:	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English	and translate them to your
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	<u> </u>

- 149. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 150. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 151. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 152. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 153. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		27
Exercise Five These are the 56°, the 61° and the 63 in the English language according Contemporary American English	g to the Corpus of	G GRE
868 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (ca		#63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small hous	e this week.
He will see	- 4	
2) Roberto and Stephen		the president.
They saw	101	
3) The small, old man	a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country	last week.
We came -		
5) I will	back to my hous	e next week.
I will come back -		

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	ih?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	this
seriously.	-
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –	
GUST	

- 151. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 152. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 153. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 154. Ask the student what is going on
- 155. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 94.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 95.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 96.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 280. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 281. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 282. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 283. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

 Pronounce the verbs below in English and translate them to your native language: 		25
 a) see / saw: / b) come / came: / c) take / took: / c) take / took: / 2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to your native language: a) country: b) week: b) week:	native language: a) see / saw b) come / ca c) take / too 2) Pronounce the no native language: a) country: b) week: c) point: d) hand: e) group: 3) Pronounce the ac your native langu a) small: b) right:	

- 284. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 285. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 286. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 287. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 288. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

26
 Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them to
your native language:
a) and: b) that:
c) but:
b) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) up: b) out c) how:

- 154. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 155. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 156. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 157. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 158. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 56°, the 61° and the 63° most common words in the English language according to the Corpus of Contemporary American English, aka COCA.	G GR
see #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, come, coming), take #	163 (took, taking, take)
1) He will a small house	e this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephent	the president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We to this country	last week.
We came	
5) I will back to my house	e next week.
I will come back	
i win come back	

		2
		4
6) Are you	home this month or the next month	?
Are you coming		
7) He just	her big, old car.	
He just took		
8) I am	his hand out of the cold water.	
I am taking		
9) If we want to survive, the righ	ht people need to	this
	seriously.	
16	ve, the right people need to take –	
If we want to surviv	ve, the right people need to take –	
	-	
GUST		

- 156. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 157. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 158. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 159. Ask the student what is going on
- 160. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 97.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 98.Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 99.Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 289. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 290. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 291. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 292. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	-
1) Pronounce the verbs b	elow in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) see / saw:	S~
b) come / came: _	
c) take / took:	
· —	
2) Pronounce the nouns t	below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) country:	
b) week:	<u> </u>
c) point:	<u></u>
d) hand:	<u></u>
e) group:	
	ves below in English and translate them to
your native language:	
a) small:	
b) right:	
c) large:	

- 293. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 294. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 295. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 296. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 297. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

2
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them to
your native language:
a) and:
b) that: c) but:
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your
native language:
a) up:
b) out:

- 159. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 160. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 161. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 162. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 163. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 60°, the 61″ and the 63″ mo in the English language according to th Contemporary American English, ak	the Corpus of
866 #56 (see, saw, saw), COM9 #61 (came, c	come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen	the president.
They saw	<u></u>
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came	
5) I will	_ back to my house next week.
I will come back	

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	ih?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	this
seriously.	-
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –	
GUST	

- 161. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 162. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 163. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 164. Ask the student what is going on
- 165. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 100. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 101. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 102. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 298. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 299. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 300. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 301. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

25
 1) Pronounce the verbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) see / saw: / b) come / came: / c) take / took: / 2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to your native language: a) country: b) week: c) point: d) hand: e) group: 3) Pronounce the adjectives below in English and translate them to your native language: a) small:

- 302. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 303. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 304. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 305. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 306. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

26	
 4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them to your native language: a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) up: b) out: c) how: 	

- 164. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 165. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 166. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 167. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 168. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 56°, the 61° and the 63° most common words in the English language according to the Corpus of Contemporary American English, aka COCA.	G GR
see #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, come, coming), take #	163 (took, taking, take)
1) He will a small house	e this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephent	the president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We to this country	last week.
We came	
5) I will back to my house	e next week.
I will come back	
i win come back	

		2
		4
6) Are you	home this month or the next month	?
Are you coming		
7) He just	her big, old car.	
He just took		
8) I am	his hand out of the cold water.	
I am taking		
9) If we want to survive, the righ	ht people need to	this
	seriously.	
16	ve, the right people need to take –	
If we want to surviv	ve, the right people need to take –	
	-	
GUST		

- 166. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 167. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 168. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 169. Ask the student what is going on
- 170. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 103. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 104. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 105. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 307. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 308. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 309. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 310. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	2
	2
1) Pronounce the verbs below in English and tran	slate them to your
native language:	iO
a) see / saw:/	
b) come / came:/	
c) take / took:/	
2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and tra	nslate them to your
native language:	
a) country:	
b) week:	
c) point:	
d) hand:	
e) group:	
Pronounce the adjectives below in English and	d translate them to
your native language:	
a) small:	
b) right:	
c) large:	

- 311. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 312. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 313. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 314. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 315. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	20
4) Pronounce the conjunctions belo	w in English and translate them to
your native language:	.05
s) and:	
b) that:	
c) but:	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in 8	English and translate them to your
native language:) ⁵
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	

- 169. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 170. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 171. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 172. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 173. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 56 th , the 61 st and the 63 st mor in the English language according to th Contemporary American English, ak	ne Corpus of
868 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, c	come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen	the president.
They saw	<u></u>
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came	
5) I will	_back to my house next week.
I will come back	

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	h?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	_ this
seriously.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –	
10 m	
GUST	

- 171. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 172. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 173. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 174. Ask the student what is going on
- 175. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 106. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 107. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 108. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 316. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 317. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 318. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 319. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

25
 1) Pronounce the verbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) see / saw: / b) come / came: / c) came / came: / c) take / took: / 2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to your native language: a) country: b) week: c) point: d) hand: e) group: 3) Pronounce the adjectives below in English and translate them to your native language: a) small:

- 320. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 321. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 322. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 323. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 324. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below	in English and translate them to
your native language:	
a) and:	(N
b) that:	<u> </u>
c) but:	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in Er	nglish and translate them to your
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out:	
c) how:	

- 174. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 175. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 176. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 177. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 178. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 56°, the 61° and the 63° most common words in the English language according to the Corpus of Contemporary American English, aka COCA.	G GR
see #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, come, coming), take #	163 (took, taking, take)
1) He will a small house	e this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephent	the president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We to this country	last week.
We came	
5) I will back to my house	e next week.
I will come back	
i win come back	

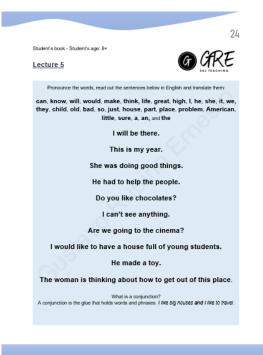
		2
6) Are you	home this month or the next mon	th?
Are you coming		_
7) He just	her big, old car.	
He just took	6	
8) I am	his hand out of the cold water.	
I am taking		
9) If we want to survive, the right p	eople need to	this
	seriously.	_
If we want to survive	the right people need to take –	
ii we want to survive,	the fight people need to take -	
<u>x0</u>		

- 176. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 177. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 178. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 179. Ask the student what is going on
- 180. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 109. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 110. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 111. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 325. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 326. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 327. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 328. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	2
1) Pronounce the v	erbs below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) see / saw	t/S```
b) come / ca	ame://
c) take / too	ok:/
2) Pronounce the n	ouns below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) country:	
b) week:	
c) point:	<u></u>
d) hand:	
e) group:	0
	djectives below in English and translate them to
your native langu	Jage:
a) small:	
b) right: c) large:	

- 329. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 330. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 331. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 332. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 333. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	2
	2
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in Englis	sh and translate them to
your native language:	
a) and:	
b) that:	
c) but	~
	-
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English an	d translate them to your
native language:	
a) up:	
b) out	
c) how:	
c) now.	

- 179. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 180. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 181. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 182. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 183. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 60°, the 61″ and the 63″ mo in the English language according to th Contemporary American English, ak	the Corpus of
866 #56 (see, saw, saw), COM9 #61 (came, c	come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen	the president.
They saw	<u></u>
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came	
5) I will	_ back to my house next week.
I will come back	

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	ih?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	this
seriously.	-
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –	
GUST	

- 181. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 182. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 183. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 184. Ask the student what is going on
- 185. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 112. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 113. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 114. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 334. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 335. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 336. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 337. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

25
 1) Pronounce the verbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) see / saw: / b) come / came: / c) take / took: / 2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to your native language: a) country: b) week: c) point: d) hand: e) group: 3) Pronounce the adjectives below in English and translate them to your native language: a) small:

- 338. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 339. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 340. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 341. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 342. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
 4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them is your native language: a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to you native language: a) up: b) out: c) how: 	to

- 184. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 185. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 186. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 187. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 188. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 56°, the 61° and the 63° most common words in the English language according to the Corpus of Contemporary American English, aka COCA.	G GR
see #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, come, coming), take #	163 (took, taking, take)
1) He will a small house	e this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephent	the president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We to this country	last week.
We came	
5) I will back to my house	e next week.
I will come back	
i win come back	

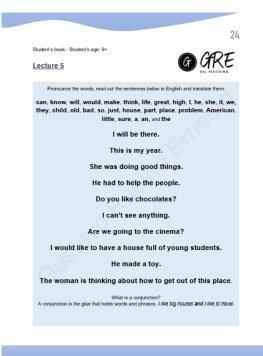
6) Are you home this month or the next month? Are you coming 7) He just her big, old car. He just took his hand out of the cold water. 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking		28
Are you coming her big, old car. 7) He just her big, old car. He just took 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.		20
7) He just her big, old car. He just took 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	6) Are you home this month or the next mor	ith?
He just took 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	Are you coming	_
8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	7) He just her big, old car.	
I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	He just took	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
seriously.	l am taking	
2 Dec.	9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	this
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –	seriously.	
GUST	If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	
CUS		
CUS	10 m	
	and the second s	

- 186. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 187. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 188. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 189. Ask the student what is going on
- 190. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 115. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 116. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 117. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 343. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 344. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 345. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 346. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	-
1) Pronounce the verbs b	elow in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) see / saw:	S~
b) come / came: _	
c) take / took:	
· —	
2) Pronounce the nouns t	below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) country:	
b) week:	<u> </u>
c) point:	<u></u>
d) hand:	<u></u>
e) group:	
	ves below in English and translate them to
your native language:	
a) small:	
b) right:	
c) large:	

- 347. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 348. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 349. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 350. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 351. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

 4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate your native language: a) and: b) that: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate then native language: a) up: b) out: c) how: 	
your native language: a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate then native language: a) up: b) out	26
your native language: a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate then native language: a) up: b) out	20
your native language: a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate then native language: a) up: b) out	
your native language: a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate then native language: a) up: b) out	
your native language: a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate then native language: a) up: b) out	
your native language: a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate then native language: a) up: b) out	
your native language: a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate then native language: a) up: b) out	
your native language: a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate then native language: a) up: b) out	
your native language: a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate then native language: a) up: b) out	them to
a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate then native language: a) up: b) out: b) out:	
b) that:	
c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate then native language: a) up: b) out	
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate then native language: a) up: b) out:	
native language: a) up: b) out:	
native language: a) up: b) out:	n to vour
a) up: b) out:	,
b) out:	
GUSTAN	

- 189. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 190. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 191. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 192. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 193. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		27
Exercise Five These are the 56", the 61" and the 63" mo in the English language according to th Contemporary American English, ai	e Corpus of	GRE
869 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, c	ome, coming), take #63 (took,	taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this we	ek.
He will see		
2) Roberto and Stephen	the presi	dent.
They saw	<u></u>	
3) The small, old man	a large group of	students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country last wee	k.
We came		
5) I will	_back to my house next w	eek.
I will come back		

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	ih?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	this
seriously.	-
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –	
GUST	

- 191. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 192. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 193. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 194. Ask the student what is going on
- 195. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 118. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 119. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 120. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 352. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 353. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 354. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 355. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

25
 1) Pronounce the verbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) see / saw: / b) come / came: / c) take / took: / 2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to your native language: a) country: b) week: c) point: d) hand: e) group: 3) Pronounce the adjectives below in English and translate them to your native language: a) small:

- 356. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 357. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 358. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 359. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 360. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

26	
 4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them to your native language: a) and: b) that c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) up: b) out: c) how: 	

- 194. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 195. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 196. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 197. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 198. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 50°, the 61° and the 63° most common words in the English language according to the Corpus of Contemporary American English, aka COCA.	G GR
see #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, come, coming), take #63	l (took, taking, take)
1) He will a small house t	his week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen the	e president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man a large gr	oup of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We to this country las	st week.
We came	
5) I will back to my house r	next week.
l will come back	
I WIII COME DACK	

	28
6) Are you home this month or the next mo	nth?
Are you coming	_
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
I am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	this
seriously.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	
0	
S. S	

- 196. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 197. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 198. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 199. Ask the student what is going on
- 200. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 121. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 122. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 123. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 361. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 362. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 363. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 364. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	2
1) Pronounce the v	erbs below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) see / saw	t/S```
b) come / ca	ame://
c) take / too	ok:/
2) Pronounce the n	ouns below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) country:	
b) week:	
c) point:	<u></u>
d) hand:	
e) group:	0
	djectives below in English and translate them to
your native langu	Jage:
a) small:	
b) right: c) large:	

365. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them

- 366. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 367. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 368. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
 369. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	20
4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in	n English and translate them to
your native language:	
a) and:	(\`
b) that:	<u> </u>
c) but:	a
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in Engl	lish and translate them to your
native language:	
a) up: b) out:	
c) how:	
s,	

- 199. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 200. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 201. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 202. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 203. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 66°, the 61″ and the 63″ mo in the English language according to th Contemporary American English, al	he Corpus of
868 #56 (see, saw, saw), COM9 #61 (came, o	come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	<u> </u>
2) Roberto and Stephen	the president.
They saw	2//
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came	
5) I will	_ back to my house next week.
I will come back	

		2
6)	Are you home this month or the next mont	h?
Ļ	Are you coming	-
	7) He just her big, old car.	
	He just took	
	8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
	l am taking	
9) If v	we want to survive, the right people need to	_ this
	seriously.	
	If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	
	10°	
e	JUST	

- 201. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 202. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 203. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 204. Ask the student what is going on
- 205. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 124. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 125. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 126. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 370. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 371. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 372. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 373. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

25
 1) Pronounce the verbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) see / saw: / b) come / came: / c) take / took: / 2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to your native language: a) country: b) week: c) point: d) hand: e) group: 3) Pronounce the adjectives below in English and translate them to your native language: a) small:

- 374. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 375. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 376. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 377. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 378. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
 4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them your native language: a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to you native language: a) up: b) out: c) how: 	to

- 204. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 205. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 206. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 207. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 208. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 56°, the 61° and the 63° most common words in the English language according to the Corpus of Contemporary American English, aka COCA.	G GR
see #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, come, coming), take #	163 (took, taking, take)
1) He will a small house	e this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephent	the president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man a large	group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We to this country	last week.
We came	
5) I will back to my house	e next week.
I will come back	
i win come back	

6) Are you home this month or the next month? Are you coming 7) He just her big, old car. He just took his hand out of the cold water. 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking		28
Are you coming her big, old car. 7) He just her big, old car. He just took 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.		20
7) He just her big, old car. He just took 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	6) Are you home this month or the next mor	ith?
He just took 8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	Are you coming	_
8) I am his hand out of the cold water. I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	7) He just her big, old car.	
I am taking 9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	He just took	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to this seriously.	8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
seriously.	l am taking	
2 Dec.	9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	this
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –	seriously.	
GUST	If we want to survive, the right people need to take -	
CUS		
CUS	10 m	
	and the second s	

- 206. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 207. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 208. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 209. Ask the student what is going on
- 210. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 127. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 128. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 129. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 379. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 380. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 381. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 382. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

1) Pronounce the ve	erbs below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) see / saw	:/S``
b) come / ca	ime://
c) take / too	k:/
native language: a) country: b) week: c) point: d) hand: e) group:	ouns below in English and translate them to your
3) Pronounce the a	djectives below in English and translate them to
your native langu	age:
a) small:	
b) right:	
c) large:	

383. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them

- 384. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 385. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 386. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so387. Ask the student to

pronounce all the words

		26
4) Pronounce the conjunctio	ns below in Engli	sh and translate them to
your native language:	ins below in Englis	sir and translate them to
a) and:		
b) that:		
c) but:		<u></u>
5) Pronounce the adverbs b	elow in English an	d translate them to your
native language:		
a) up:		
b) out:		
c) how:		

- 209. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 210. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 211. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 212. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 213. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 56 th , the 61 st and the 63 st mor in the English language according to th Contemporary American English, ak	ne Corpus of
868 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, c	come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house this week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen	the president.
They saw	<u></u>
3) The small, old man	a large group of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We	to this country last week.
We came	
5) I will	_back to my house next week.
I will come back	

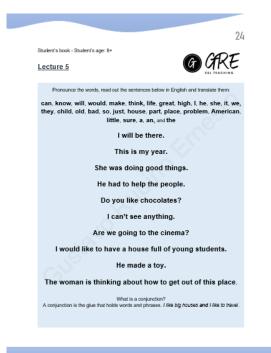
	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	h?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	_ this
seriously.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –	
10 m	
GUST	

- 211. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 212. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 213. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 214. Ask the student what is going on
- 215. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



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- 130. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 131. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 132. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 388. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 389. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 390. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 391. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

25
 1) Pronounce the verbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) see / saw: / b) come / came: / c) take / took: / 2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to your native language: a) country: b) week: c) point: d) hand: e) group: 3) Pronounce the adjectives below in English and translate them to your native language: a) small:

- 392. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 393. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 394. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 395. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 396. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

	26
 4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them is your native language: a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to you native language: 	to
a) up: b) out: o) how:	

- 214. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 215. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 216. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 217. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 218. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

Exercise Five These are the 56 th , the 61 st and the 63 st most common words in the English language according to the Corpus of Contemporary American English, aka COCA.	
	G GK
see #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, come, coming), take #63 (took, taking, take)
1) He willa small house thi	s week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen the	president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man a large grou	up of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We to this country last	week.
We came	
5) I will back to my house ne	ext week.
l will come back	

		2
		4
6) Are you	home this month or the next month	?
Are you coming		
7) He just	her big, old car.	
He just took		
8) I am	his hand out of the cold water.	
I am taking		
9) If we want to survive, the righ	ht people need to	this
	seriously.	
15	ve, the right people need to take –	
If we want to surviv	ve, the right people need to take –	
	-	
GUST		

- 216. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 217. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 218. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 219. Ask the student what is going on
- 220. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 133. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 134. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 135. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 397. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 398. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 399. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 400. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

	2
1) Pronounce the v	erbs below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) see / saw	t/S```
b) come / ca	ame://
c) take / too	ok:/
2) Pronounce the n	ouns below in English and translate them to your
native language:	
a) country:	
b) week:	
c) point:	<u></u>
d) hand:	
e) group:	0
	djectives below in English and translate them to
your native langu	lage:
a) small:	
b) right: c) large:	

401. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them

- 402. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 403. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 404. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
 405. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

 24 4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them to your native language: and: b that: b that: b that: 6) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) up: b) out: b) out: b) out: 		
your native language: a) and: b) that: b) that: b) that: b) but b) but b) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: b) up: b) out b) ou		26
your native language: a) and: b) that: b) that: b) that: b) but b) but b) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: b) up: b) out b) ou		10
your native language: a) and: b) that: b) that: b) that: b) but b) but b) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: b) up: b) out b) ou		
your native language: a) and: b) that: b) that: b) that: b) but b) but b) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: b) up: b) out b) ou		
your native language: a) and: b) that: b) that: b) that: b) but b) but b) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: b) up: b) out b) ou		
your native language: a) and: b) that: b) that: b) that: b) but: b) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: b) up: b) out:		
your native language: a) and: b) that: b) that: b) that: b) but b) but b) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: b) up: b) out b) ou		
your native language:	4) Propounce the conjunctions held	w in English and translate them to
a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) up: b) out b) out		
b) that:		
c) but 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) up: b) out		
5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) up: b) out:		
nstive language: s) up: b) out:	-,	<u> </u>
s) up: b) out	5) Pronounce the adverbs below in 8	English and translate them to your
b) out:	native language:	
	a) up:	
c) how:	b) out:	
	c) how:	

- 219. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 220. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 221. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 222. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 223. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

		27
Exercise Five These are the 56°, the 61 st and the 63 st mor in the English language according to th Contemporary American English, ak	ne Corpus of	G GRE
869 #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, c	come, coming), take #63	(took, taking, take)
1) He will	a small house th	nis week.
He will see	{	
2) Roberto and Stephen	the	president.
They saw		
3) The small, old man	a large gro	oup of students.
The small, old man saw		
4) We	to this country las	t week.
We came		
5) I will	_ back to my house n	ext week.
I will come back		

	2
6) Are you home this month or the next mont	h?
Are you coming	-
7) He just her big, old car.	
He just took	
8) I am his hand out of the cold water.	
l am taking	
9) If we want to survive, the right people need to	_ this
seriously.	
If we want to survive, the right people need to take –	
10 m	
GUST	

- 221. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 222. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 223. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 224. Ask the student what is going on
- 225. Ask the student to read the comic again as homework and to underline the words that he/she doesn't know



Blue Page

- 136. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the words (correct when necessary)
- 137. Ask the student to pronounce and translate the sentences (correct when necessary)
- 138. Explain PERSONAL PRONOUN by stating a simple sentence with the idea that "Explain pronouns by saying "the substitute names of people and objects" "I don't want to say Richard all the time, so I use HE". Use the example



- 406. Pronounce the VERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 407. Translate the verbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 408. Pronounce the NOUNS and ask the student to repeat them
- 409. Translate the nouns in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so

		25
 1) Pronounce the verbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) see / saw: / b) come / came: / c) take / took: / 2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to your native language: a) country: b) week: b) week: b) week: c) point:	native language: a) see / saw: / b) come / came: / c) take / took: / c) take / took: / 2) Pronounce the nouns below in English and translate them to your native language: a) country:	

- 410. the ADJECTIVES and ask the student to repeat them
- 411. Translate the adjectives in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 412. Pronounce the ADVERBS and ask the student to repeat them
- 413. Translate the adverbs in the present and the past using the minimum words necessary to do so
- 414. Ask the student to pronounce all the words

26	
 26 4) Pronounce the conjunctions below in English and translate them to your native language: a) and: b) that: c) but: 5) Pronounce the adverbs below in English and translate them to your native language: a) up: b) out: b) out: c) how: 	

- 224. Ask what the verbs in bold mean in the L1
- 225. Ask the student to fill in the first gap, to pronounce the first sentence and to translate it
- 226. Translate to the students L1 the beginning of the sentence
- 227. Repeat this process with all sentences
- 228. Ask the student to pronounce all sentences

	27
Exercise Five These are the 50°, the 61° and the 63° most common words in the English language according to the Corpus of Contemporary American English, aka COCA.	G GR
see #56 (see, saw, saw), come #61 (came, come, coming), take #63	l (took, taking, take)
1) He will a small house the	his week.
He will see	
2) Roberto and Stephen the	e president.
They saw	
3) The small, old man a large gr	oup of students.
The small, old man saw	
4) We to this country las	st week.
We came	
5) I will back to my house r	next week.
I will come back	
I WIII COME DACK	

		2
		4
6) Are you	home this month or the next month	?
Are you coming		
7) He just	her big, old car.	
He just took		
8) I am	his hand out of the cold water.	
I am taking		
9) If we want to survive, the righ	ht people need to	this
	seriously.	
15	ve, the right people need to take –	
If we want to surviv	ve, the right people need to take –	
	-	
GUST		

- 226. Tell the student to ask if he/she do not know what a word means, and to write it down in the bottom of the page
- 227. Ask the student to read the comic out loud
- 228. Correct only when the pronunciation is too bad
- 229. Ask the student what is going on
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